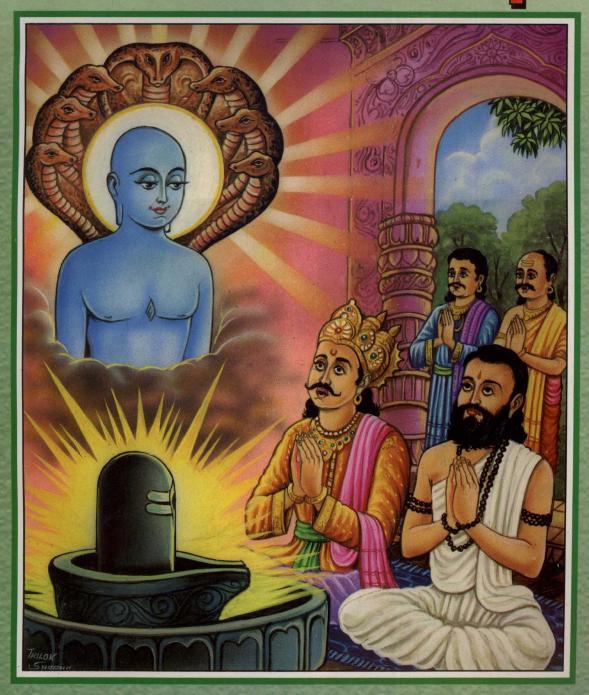


A Mahavir Seva Trust Presentation

# Emperor Viklamaditya

Vol. 50-51-52 Rs. 75.00



Other than Shri Rama and Shri Krishna, the only one whom sovereign Indian history remembers as a founder and propagator of policy of justice and public welfare all over India is Emperor Vikramaditya.

The popular Indian calendar is named after Emperor Vikram. The current year being Vikram Samvat 2058 confirms the antiquity of Vikramaditya. Historians believe that the Vikram calendar started sometime around 56-57 BC. This was the most glorious and peaceful period of Emperor Vikramaditya's reign. He honoured scholars and was a scholar himself. He revered and respected all religions and their leaders.

Acharya Siddhasen Divakar was a contemporary of Emperor Vikramaditya. He finds a place in Jain history as an epoch maker scholar and author. He wrote many important books that rank highest in the fields of logic and philosophy. Acharya Siddhasen was a supporter of the radical and revolutionary thinking in Jainism. With his intellect and knowledge he amply promoted the Jain order. Influenced by his scholarship and strength of austerities, Emperor Vikramaditya became an ardent supporter of Jainism.

We are indebted to Vidvadratna Pravachan Prabhavak Acharya Shri Jinottam Surishvarji M. Sa, the successor of Pratishtha Shiromani Vidvad Varenya Acharya Shri Sushil Surishvarji M. Sa, who has kindly written this picture-story for us.

-Srichand Surana 'Saras

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# MAHAVEER SEVA TRUST

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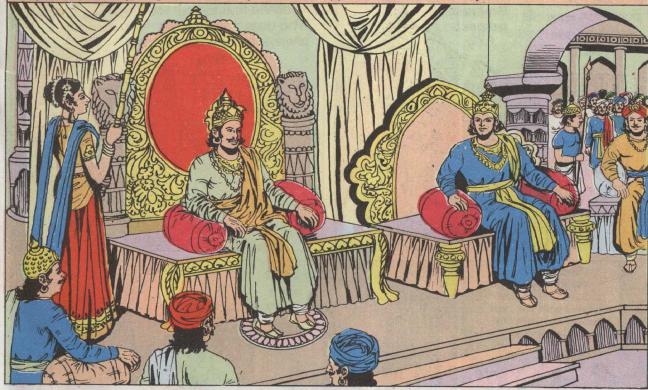
# SHREE DIWAKAR PRAKASHAN

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**EMPEROR** 

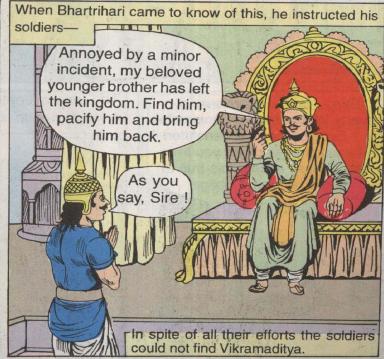
King Gandharvasen of Avanti had two sons-Bhartrihari and Vikramaditya. After the death of their father, Bhartrihari became the king /IKRAMADITYA and Vikramaditya the crown prince. Bhartrihari was a learned and just

king. He loved his younger brother very much and appreciated his intellect, justness and other virtues.

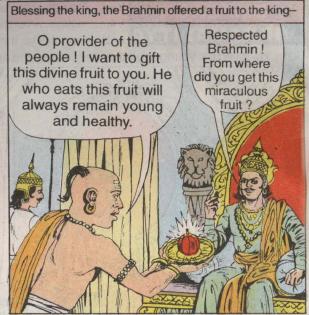


One day Queen Anangasena, Bhartrihari's wife, insulted prince Vikramaditya. Hurt by this Vikram left home without telling anyone.







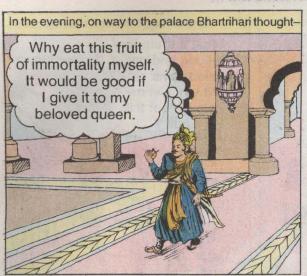


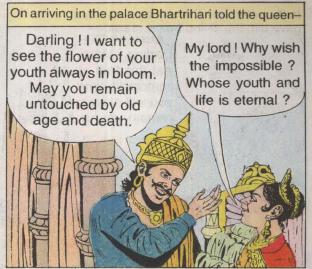


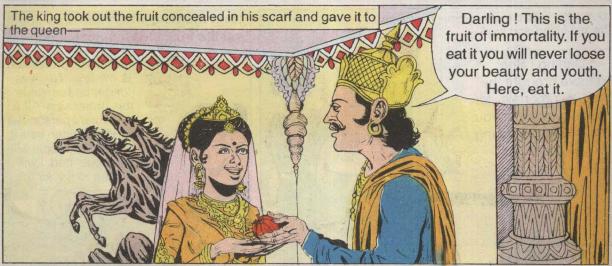
Sire! I suffer the misery of poverty. Why extend this miserable life? Everyone will be benefitted if a benevolent king like you lives long. Please accept this fruit of immortality and oblige.



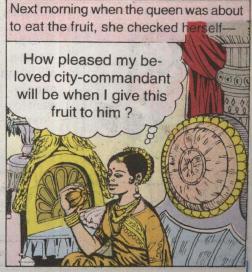


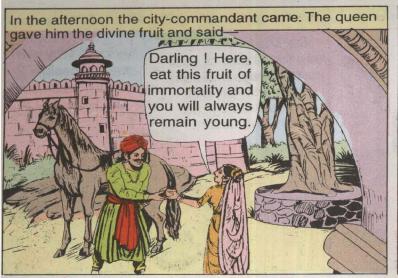


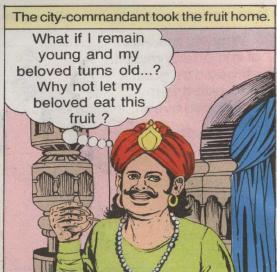




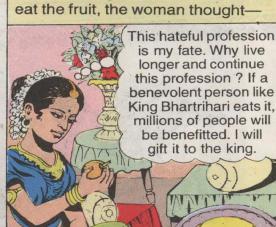




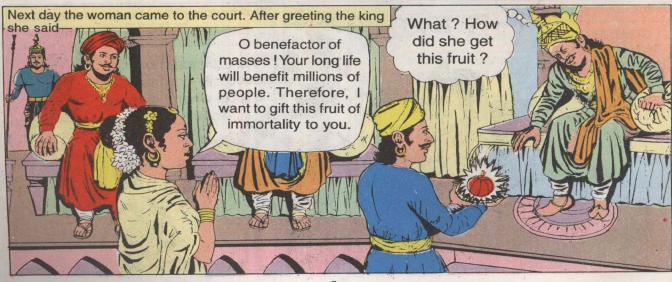








Next morning when she was about

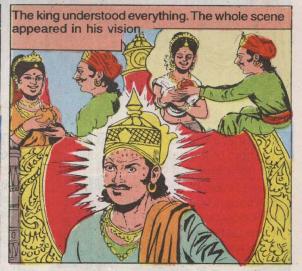


# The king looked wide-eyed at the fruit. The woman was alarmed.

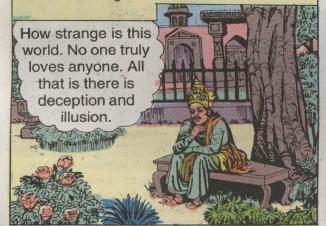




Lord of the land! The woman Please pardon me! The city-commandant loves me very much. He gave me this fruit.



The king sent the woman back after amply rewarding her. He went to the palace garden and sat down thinking under a tree-

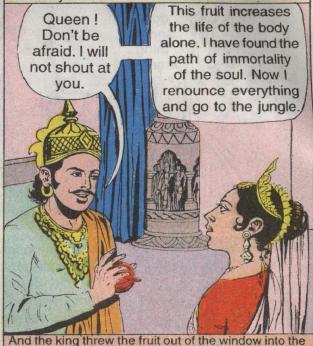


# The king looked at the palace and thought-





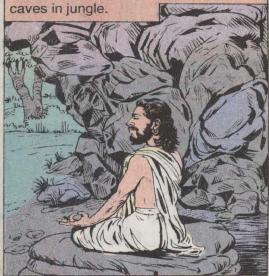
The king showed the fruit to the queen and she started trembling. She was wet with sweat and felt dizzy.



King Bhartrihari took off his royal dress. He came down the stairs of the palace. The queen watched like a statue. The ministers and other people tried to stop their king—



By giv. g the fruit of immortality King Bhartrihari got the real fruit of immortality. Now he became Yogi Bhartrihari and started his meditation and austerities in



The knowledge and experience Yogi Bhartrihari gained continues to guide the world through his renowned works Vairagya Shatak and Niti Shatak.

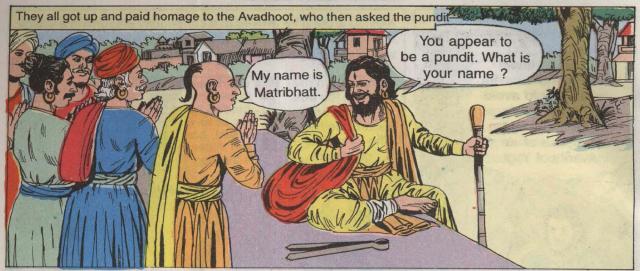


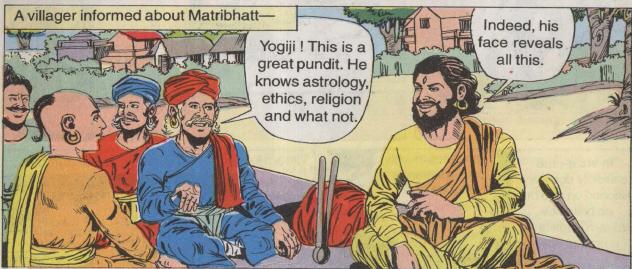


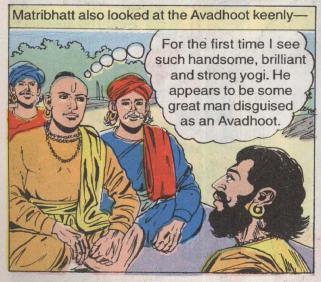


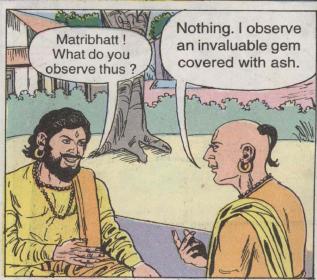


# The chant of Avadhoot mendicants which means 'invisible unblemished' or God.

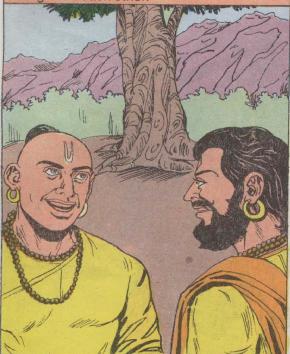




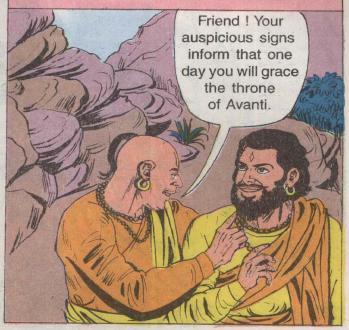




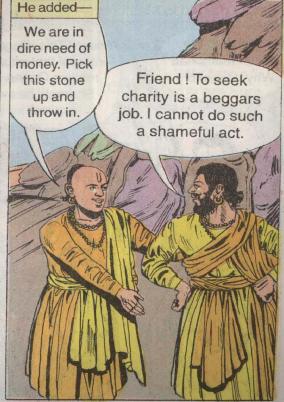
Avadhoot's eyes sparkled with amusement. Matribhatt also laughed. The two silently recognized each other.

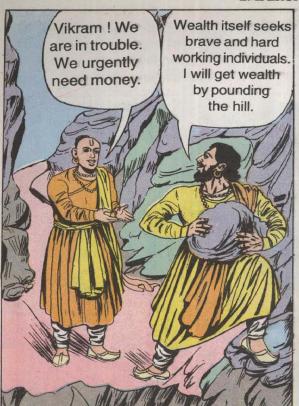


When the Avadhoot resumed his journey, Matribhatt also went along. After exchange of views they both became fast friends. When the Avadhoot revealed his true identity, Matribhatt embraced him—



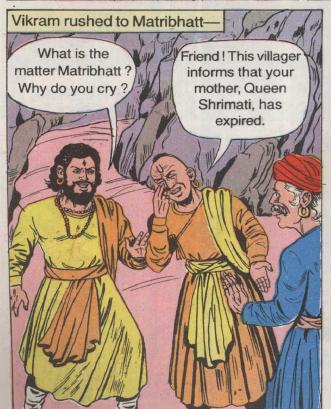






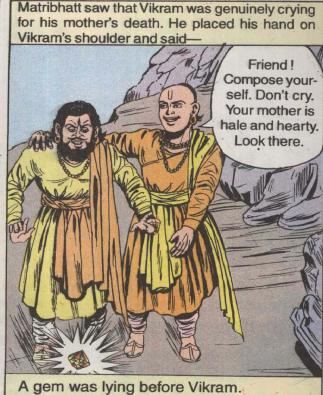
With these words Vikram lifted a large stone and threw it hard at the hill. But nothing came out of it. Just then Matribhatt uttered a fake cry—

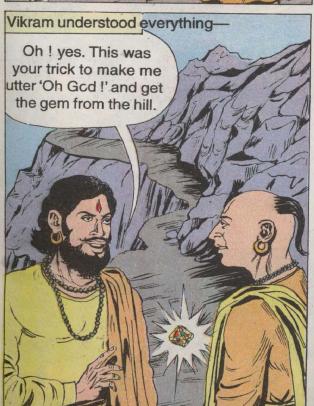


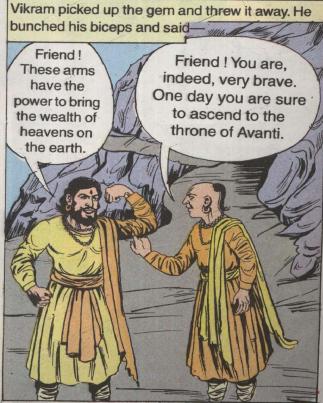


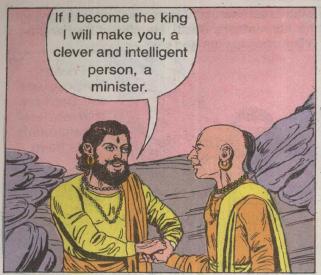


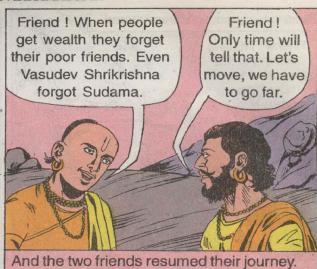






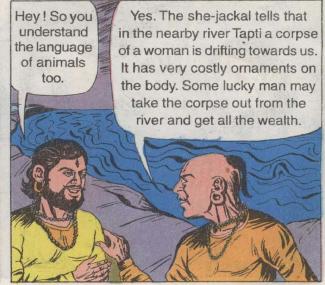






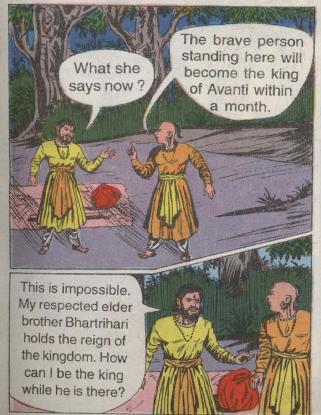
One night while they were resting under a tree they heard the howl of a she-jackal. Alarmed Matribhatt stood up and listened carefully.

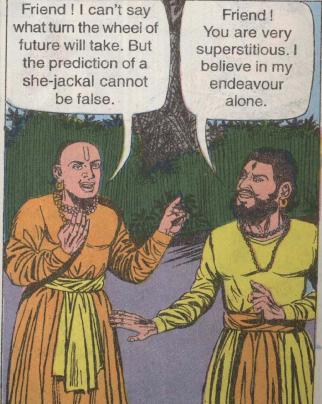


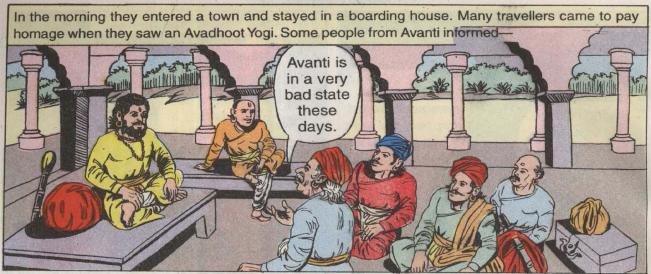




















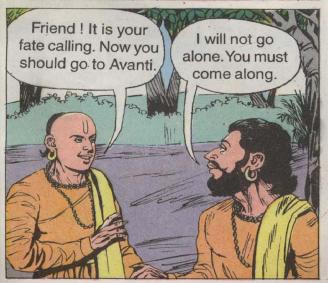


On hearing the news from Avanti the Avadhoot looked at Matribhatt. Shadows of anxiety



Matribhatt! Your prediction appears to be coming true. The news of the wretched state of Avanti deeply hurts me.

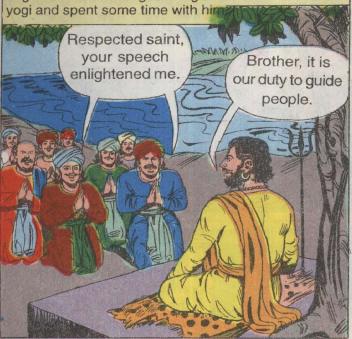
They left the place and came out of the town.



No! You should go alone now. I will come at a proper time. And, yes, don't forget me when you become the king.

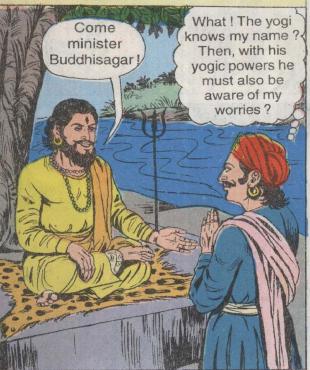
Embracing Matribhatt the Avadhoot bid farewell and left for Avanti.

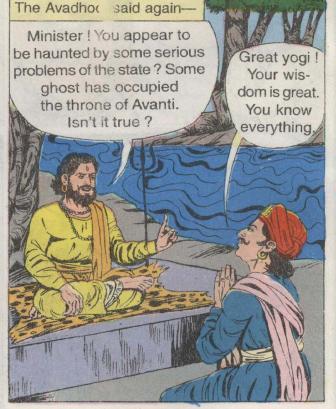
The Avadhoot Yogi camped outside Avanti on the banks of river Kshipra. Whoever came there and saw the yogi, paid him homage and listened to his discourse. Soon large crowds started gathering at the discourse of the



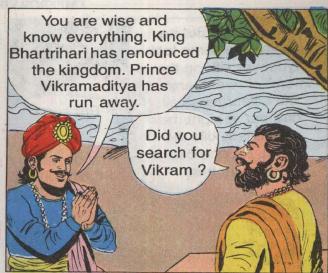


The minister went alone to see the Yogi. Vikram recognized him. Without asking he spoke—

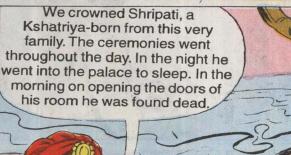




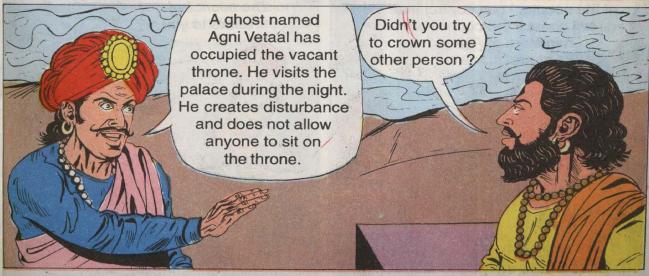




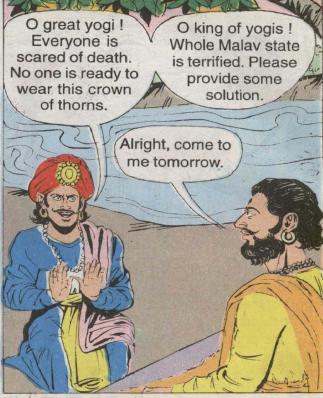


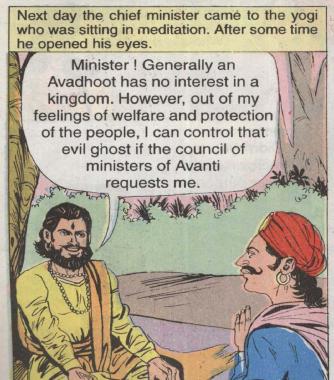


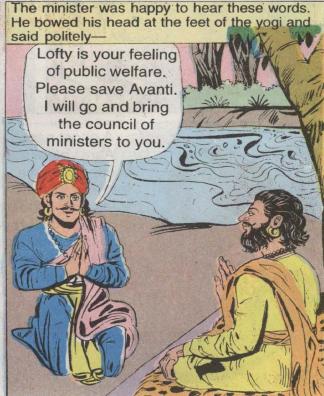
Who killed him

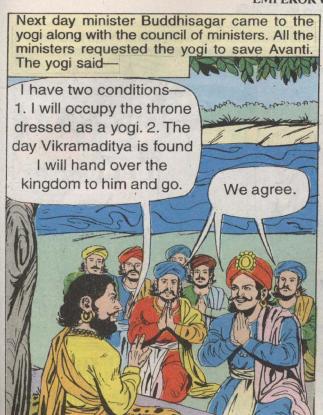


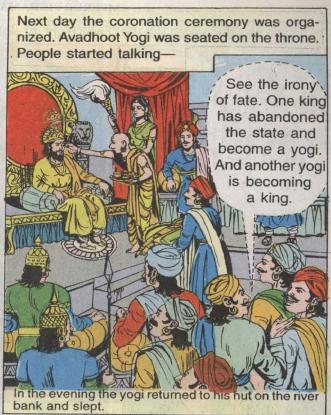




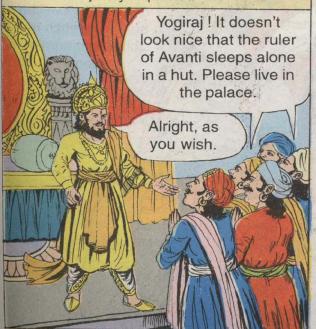






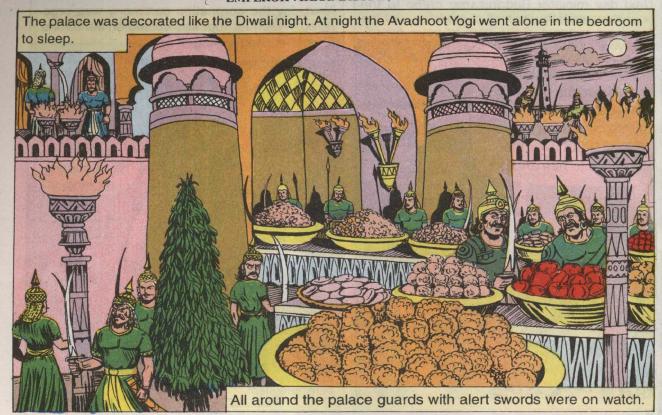


During the day Avadhoot Yogi attended the court, listened to the problems of the people, discussed with ministers and administered justice. In the evening he returned to his hut to sleep. One day the ministers jointly requested—





was sprinkled all over the road. Flowers were spread. Incense sticks were burnt. Trays filled with sweets, fruits and dry fruits were placed all along the road.

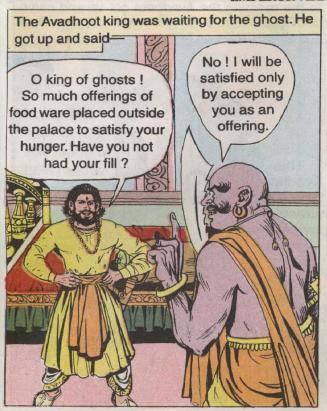


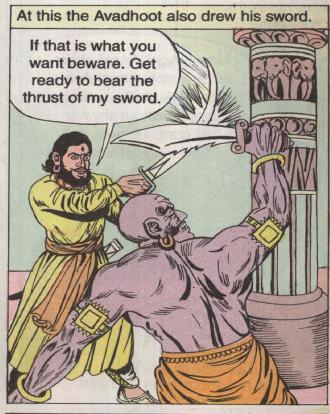
At midnight there was a loud whoop and everyone was terrified. Then a cloud of smoke covered the palace.

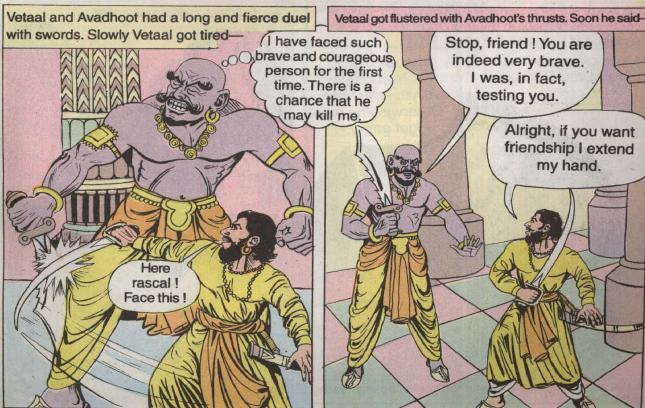


Whooping and hissing Agni Vetaal ghost entered the palace and crashed straight into the king's bedroom.

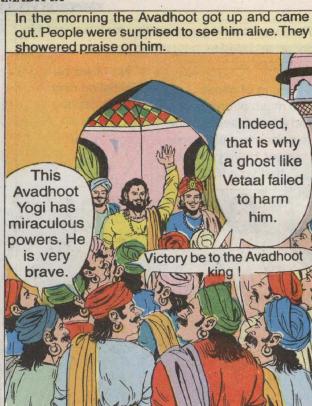












Now every evening perfumes, flowers, dry-fruits and sweets were placed on the road from the city gate to the palace to welcome the ghost.

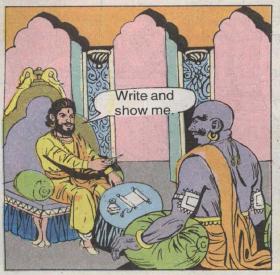
Be quick. It will be night soon and Vetaal is about to come.

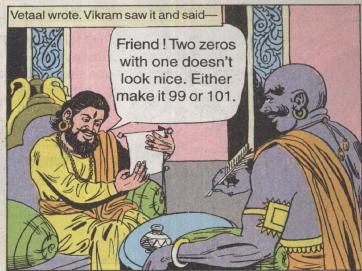
Yes, brother! We must place everything in order. Otherwise he will

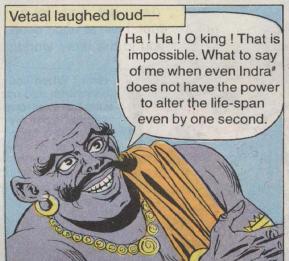


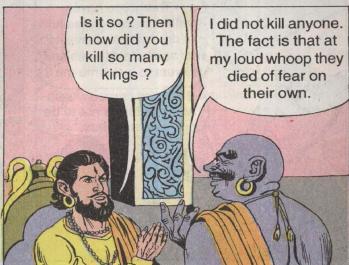
Vetaal came everyday and returned contented after eating all the food

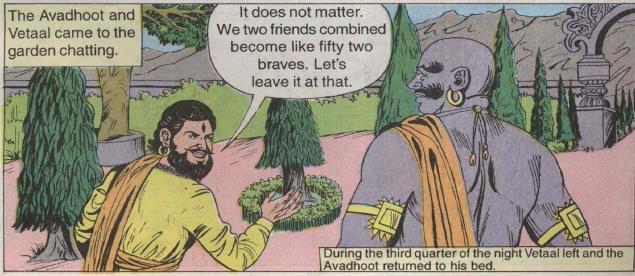




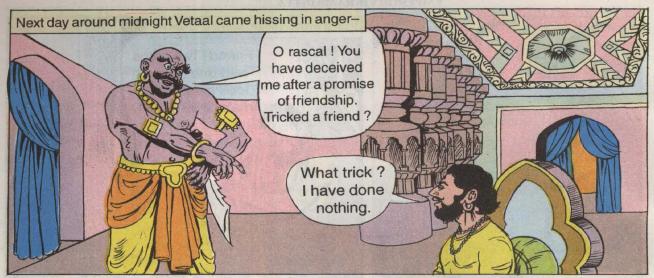


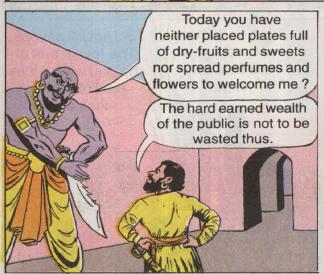


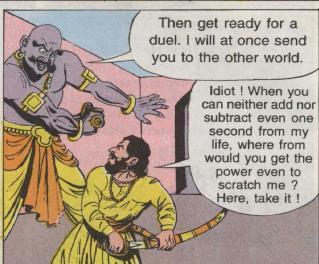




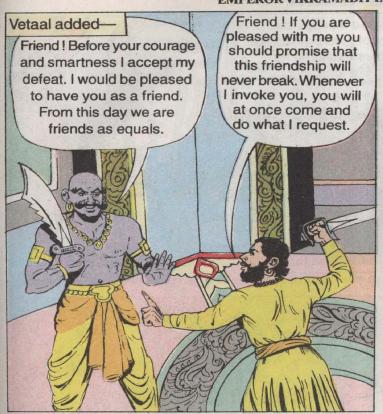
# The king of gods.

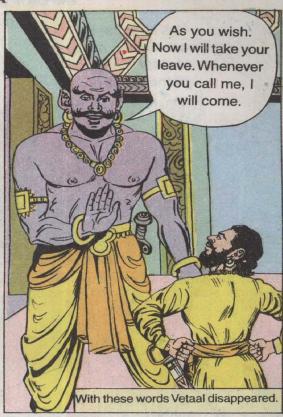












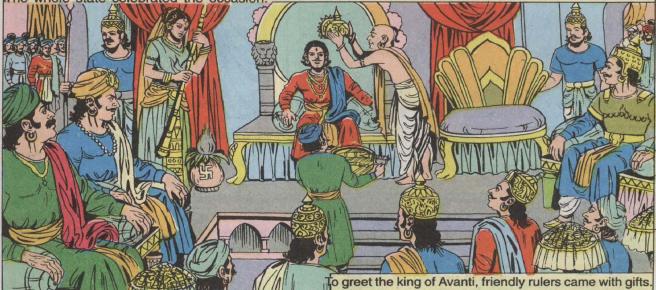
Vikramaditya, disguised as Avadhoot, devoted all his time to public welfare. The fame of his astonishing justness, morality, scholarship and courage spread far and wide.







Next day the Avadhoot formally put on the crown after adorning himself in the royal dress and ornaments. The whole state celebrated the occasion.





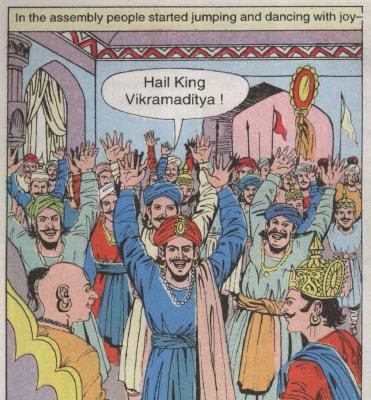
Matribhatt came to Avanti to greet the king. When he saw his friend coming, the Avadhoot king got up and embraced him.













Queen mother rushed to the assembly. Vikramaditya fell at his mother's feet. The mother embraced her son. Their eyes



The mother kissed the forehead of the son and said-







Under the rule of chief minister Matribhatt and majestic King Vikramaditya the people of Avanti prospered and flourished. One day Matribhatt came to Vikramaditya with some dignitaries—



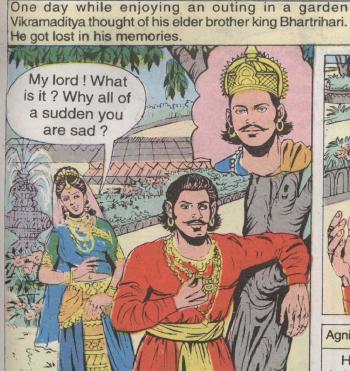






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After that many other kings made their relations intimate with King Vikramaditya by marrying their daughters to him. Kamalavati became the chief queen consort.





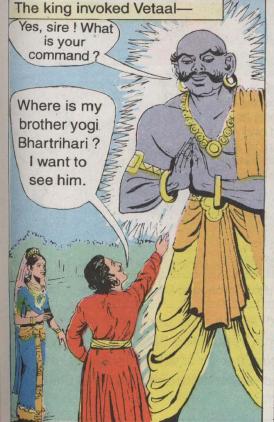
# Agni vetaal closed his eyes for two minutes. Then said— He is deeply involved in his rigorous austorities

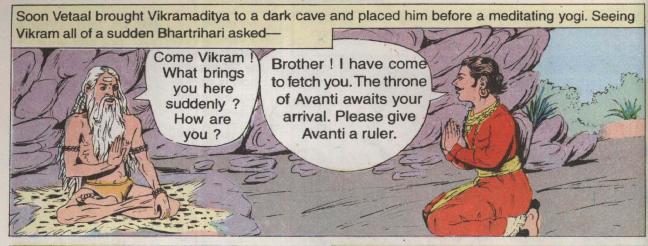
He is deeply involved in his rigorous austerities in a cave on a faraway mountain. Please sit on my shoulder, I will take you there.

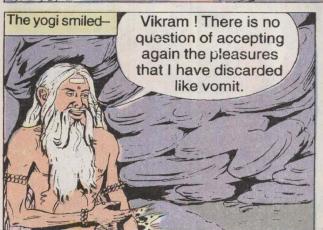


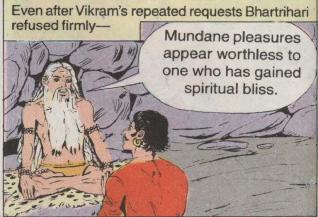


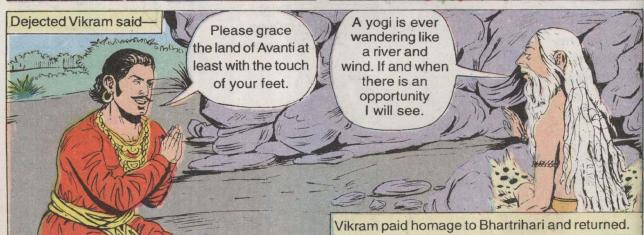








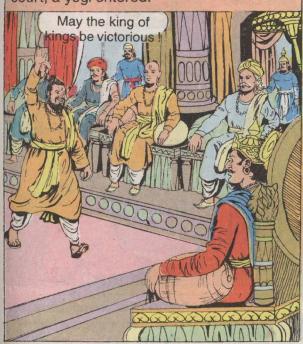




While wandering, one day yogi Bhartrihari came to Avanti. The people of Avanti paid their homage and attended his sermon. Vikramaditya requested him to stay in Avanti permanently. Yogi Bhartrihari said—'O king! Like a river, the life of saints and yogis is ever devoted to the welfare of people.' The great yogi preached morality and religion to the king and his people before he returned to the jungle.

When he became the king of Avanti, Vikramaditya first of all made plans for public welfare and development of art, literature and commerce. He kept no limits on expenditure to remove ignorance and poverty of the people. Soon Avanti became a prosperous state.

One day while King Vikramaditya was in his court, a yogi entered.

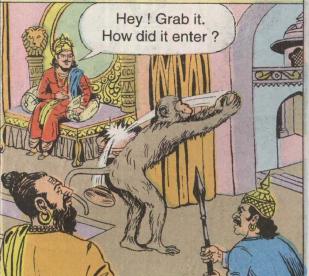


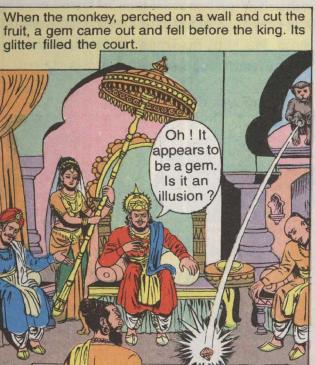


The king asked minister Buddhisagar—Who was this yogi?

Sire! I don't know much about him. I have only heard that this yogi lives on the bank of river Kshipra and practices Tantra.

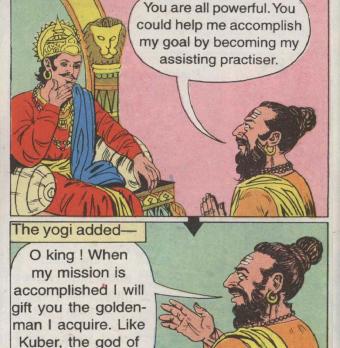
The yogi came everyday at a fixed time, presented a fruit and returned. One day when the yogi was offering the fruit, a monkey snatched it and ran away.











among men! I want to

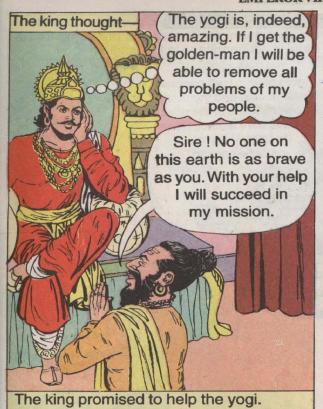
perform a ritual practice

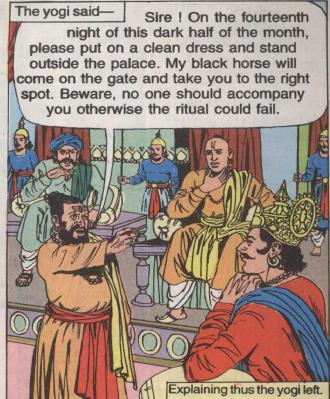
to acquire a golden-man.

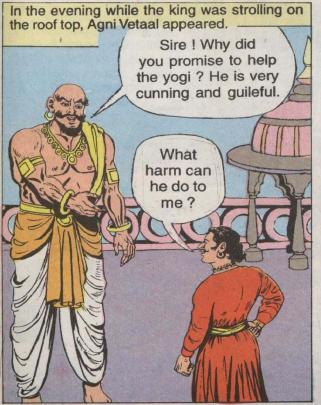
There are obstacles of

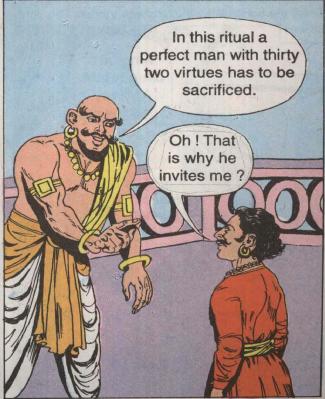
ghosts and demons in that practice.

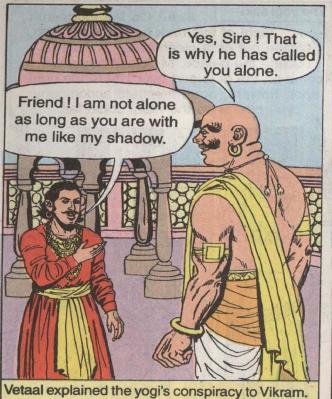
wealth, you will be enormously wealthy.





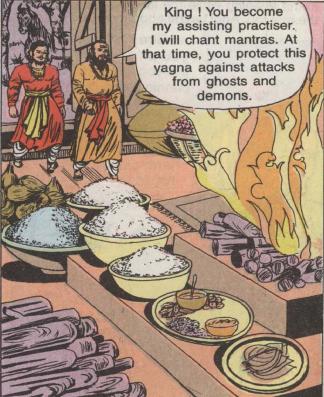


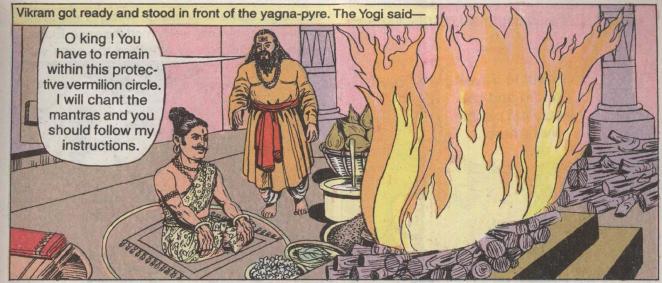


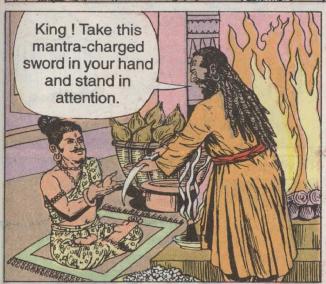




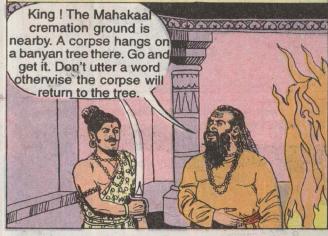








The yogi continued mantra chanting. Vikram stood alert with the sword in his hand. The yogi said—



With the sword in his hand Vikram went to the cremation ground. He saw the corpse hanging on a banyan tree

This appears to be the corpse.

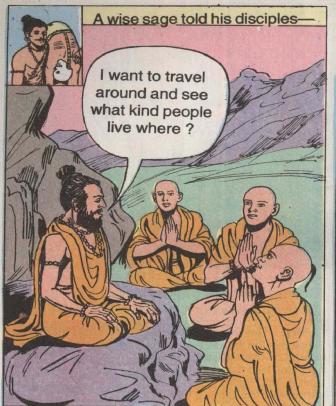
He took the corpse on his shoulder and started back.

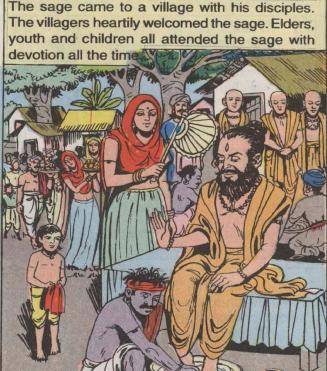
Suddenly the corpse laughed

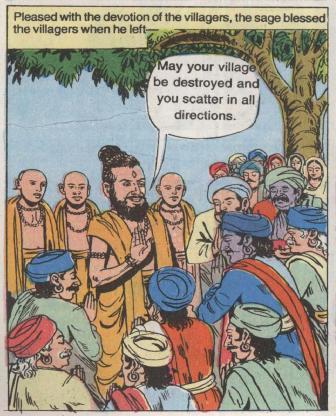
Ha! Ha! Ha! King! You claim to be very wise.

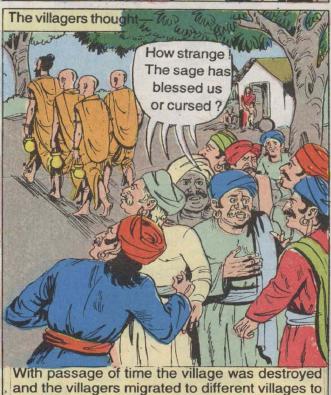
Answer my questions. Only then you can take me where you want. If you know and don't answer, your head will burst. I tell you a story that ends in a question.

Answer it.

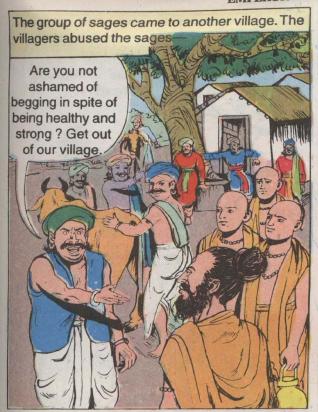


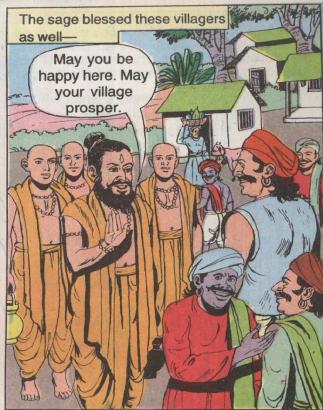


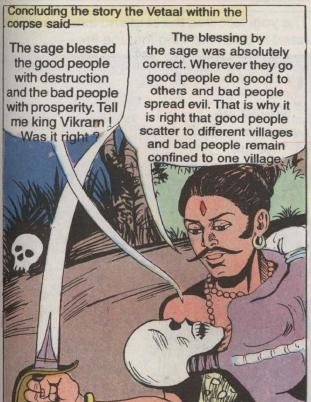


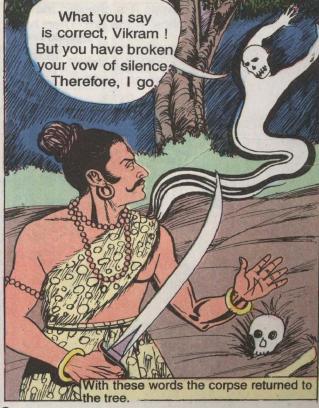


earn their living.









Vikram went to the tree again and carried the corpse back. Once again the corpse told a story and in excitement Vikram replied. The corpse again returned to the tree. This continued till the 25th story when Vikram remained silent. Agni.

Friend! It was I who told you the 25 stories to pass time. You are in trouble. I will be with you but invisible. Be careful. The yogi will bluff you and try to throw you in the fire.

Explaining all this the Vetaal disappeared.



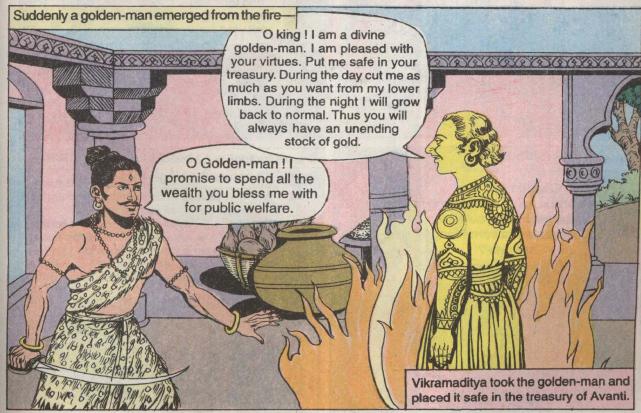
The yogi sat on the corpse. He chanted mantras and offered sacrifice in the fire. Then he

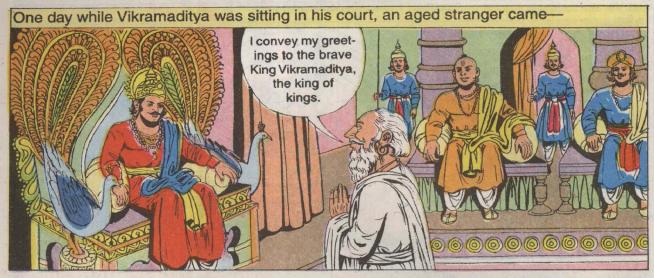


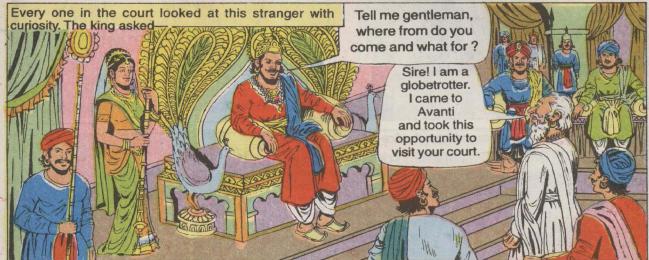
The yogi followed the king and extended his hand to push the king into the fire—



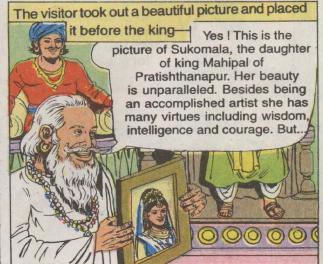


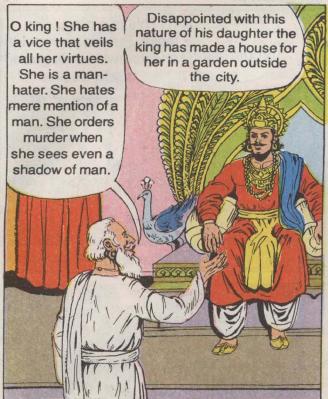


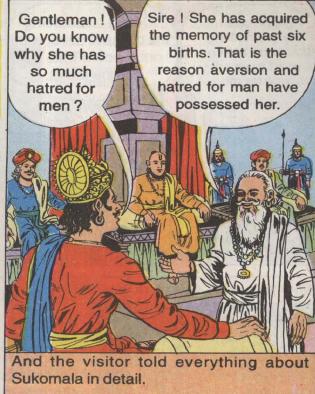












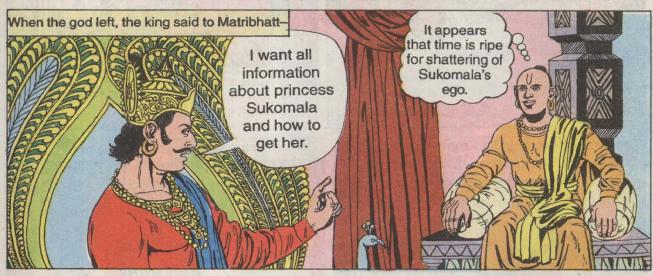
The king offered the old man one lac gold coins as gift. The old man raised his hand—

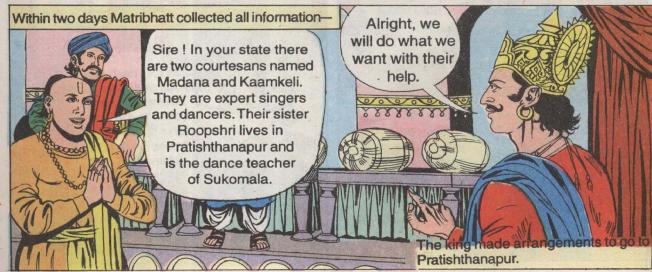


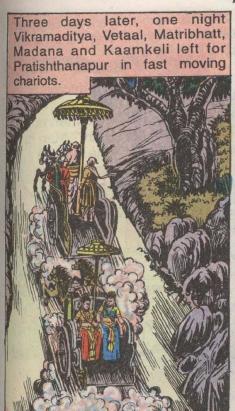


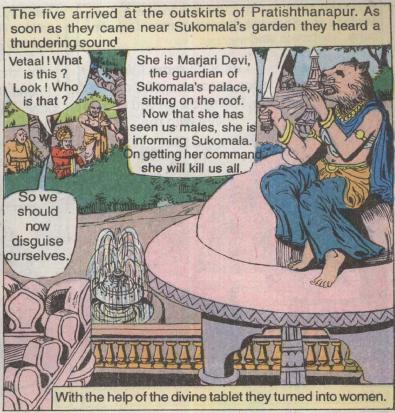


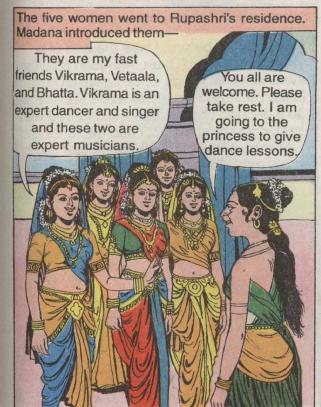






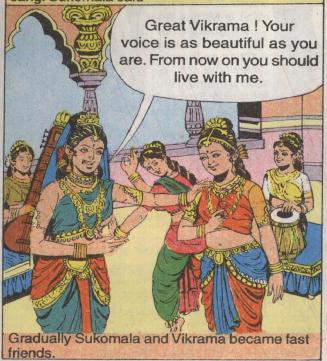


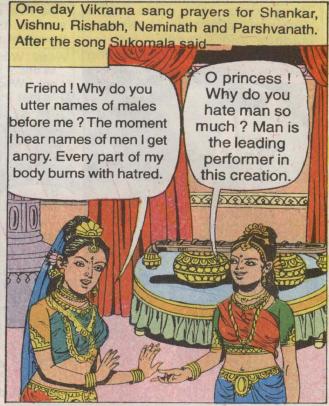






Rupashri took her five guests to the palace. Madana and Kaamkeli danced there and Vikrama sang. Sukomala said—





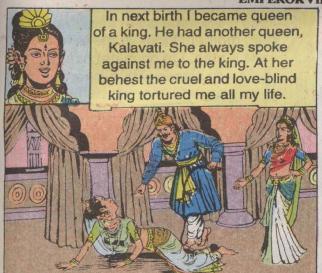
I have acquired the memory of my past six births. In each one of them men deceived me and caused me pain. There is no being more cruel, harsh and selfish than man.



Sukomala told the story of her past six births-

Six births before, I was the wife of a merchant named Dhan. Although rich, the merchant was stingy. Once I gave a Damadi [a coin of smallest denomination at that time] to a beggar. The merchant turned red with anger and beat me up. I had fractures and bruises all over. The miser neither gave me medicine nor food. I died of hunger and thirst in extreme pain.





In third birth I was a doe in the Malayachal forest. There also when I was pregnant my selfish and cruel mate wounded me with his sharp horns and left me bleeding.



In the fourth birth I became a goddess. Even in that birth the god I loved always neglected, insulted and tortured me.

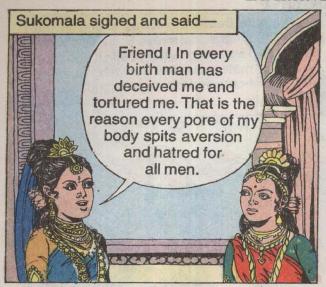


In the fifth birth I was the wife of a Brahmin. He was very sinful and evil. One auspicious day when he cooked prohibited food and was about to eat I tried to explain him-"My lord! Think for a moment. It is an auspicious day. Please do not commit the great sin of eating prohibited food during the night." In rage he held my hair and threw me in fire.

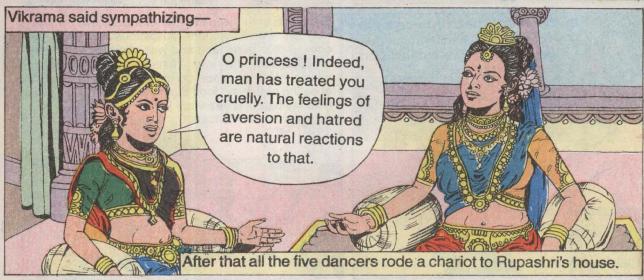


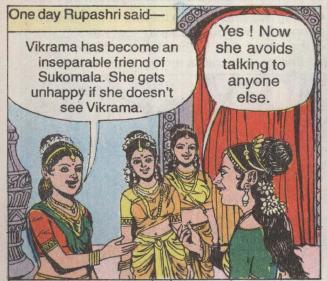
In the sixth birth I was a she-parrot, I was nursing two chicks when there was a forest fire. I asked my mate-"My lord! We should at once fly with our chicks to some safe place. Each one of us can carry one chick. But the parrot was so cruel and selfish that he wounded me with his beak and flew away. I and my two chicks turned to ashes.





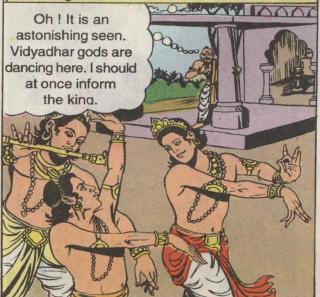




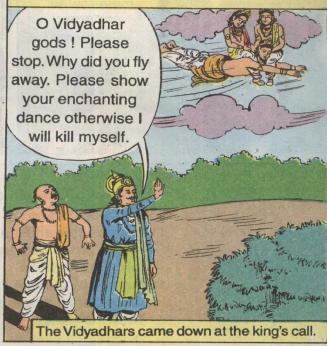


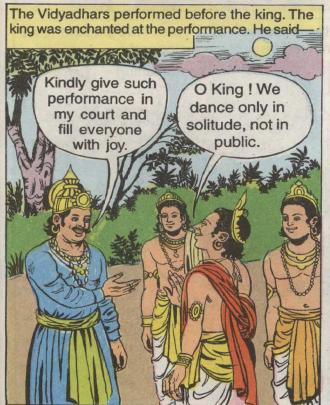


NEXT NIGHT In the garden at the back of the palace there is an ancient temple. There is a large courtyard in front of it The courtyard is surrounded by Ashoka, Champak and other trees. In the moonlit night three Vidyadhars# are dancing in the courtyard. The priest sees them performing.



The priest brought King Shalivahan. The Vidyadhars flew into the sky when they saw the king. Shalivahan called—

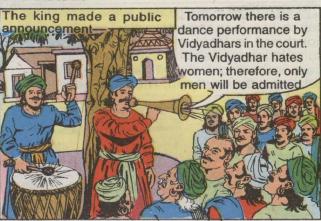


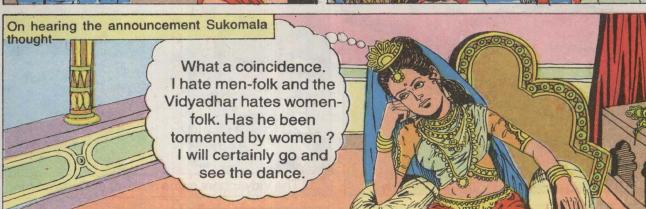




# A type of gods that are accomplished artists.



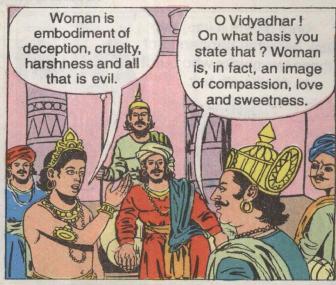




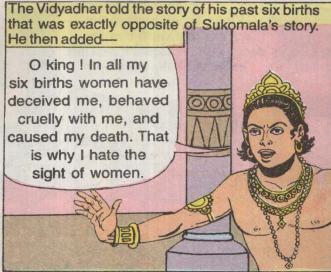
Next day Sukomala in male disguise joined the audience. The court was packed. One Vidyadhar started music and the other two danced. The audience clapped.

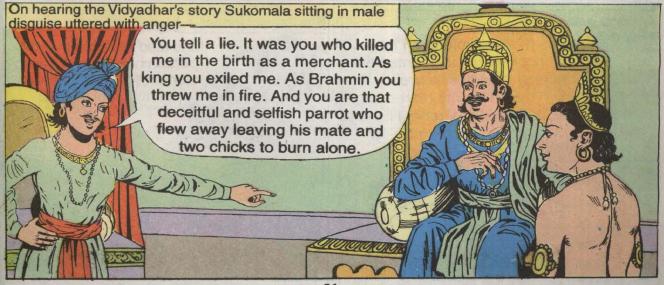


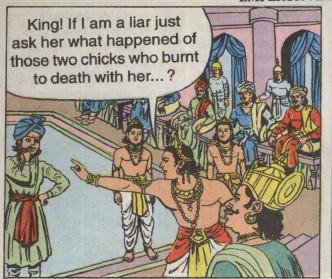


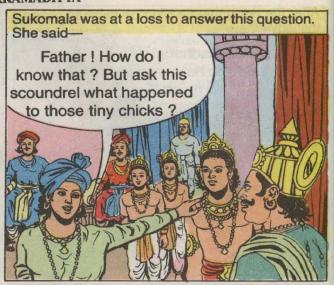




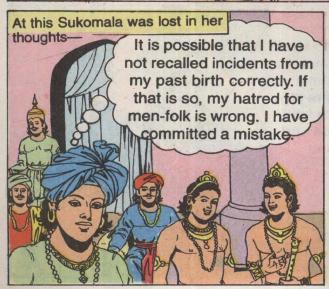


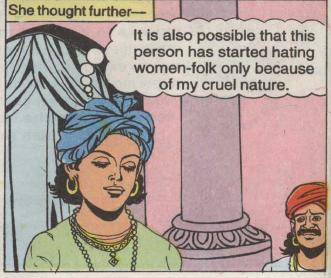


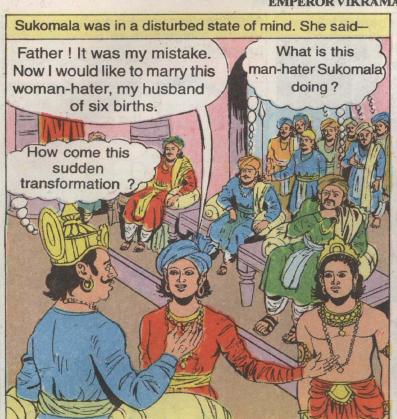




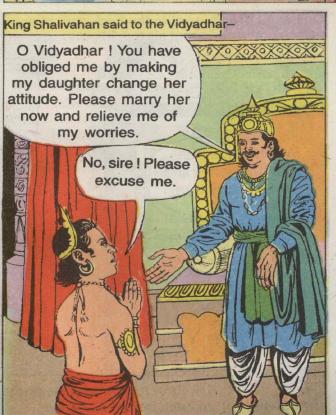








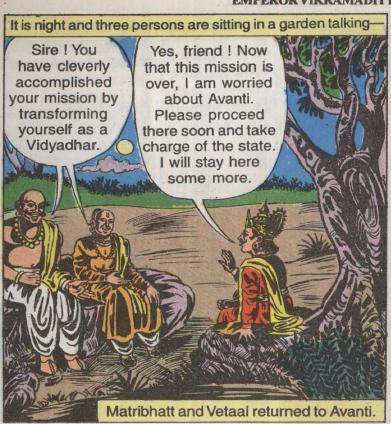


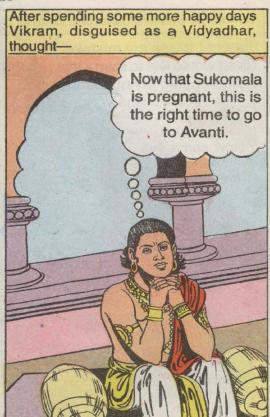


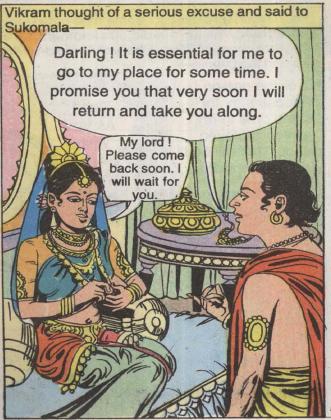
two were married. King Shalivahan said after blessing the couple—

O divine person!
Please stay for some time in my seven storeyed palace. This will add to our happiness.

The Vidyadhar refused for some time but in the end agreed. At an auspicious moment the









In due course Sukomala gave birth to a beautiful son. When king Shalivahan saw the child he said-



Gradually Dev Kumar grew. He attended school and mastered all arts. One day a friend taunted him-You claim to be very clever and brave. Tell me the name of vour father?

When Dev Kumar came and asked his mother, she started crying-I don't know for

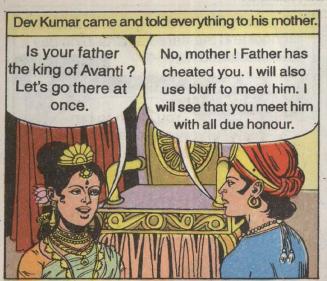


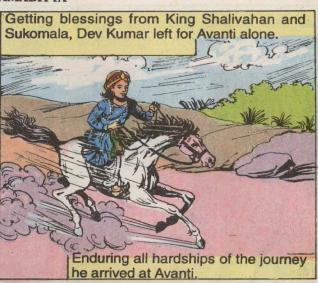
Kumar came to the back door. By chance he looked at the door. Oh! This means that my father is the ruler of Avanti. अवन्ती ननरे भेप : परिणीय नुपानजाम्।

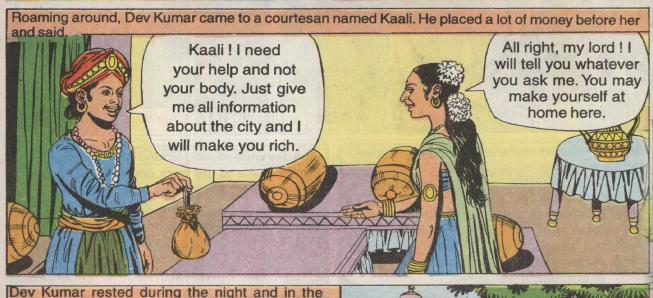
गां पातुं दण्ड भृत् पद्मोत्कश्कीडा परोबऽघः॥

One day while moving around in the palace, Dev

I, who carry scepter to protect the land, return to my Avanti after marrying a pure hearted princess.











bed.

With his miraculous power he came straight to Kaali's house. When Kaali saw so much

ornaments she uttered with surprise-



During the second quarter of night Dev Kumar employed his power to turn invisible and entered the palace. First he silently paid respect to parents—

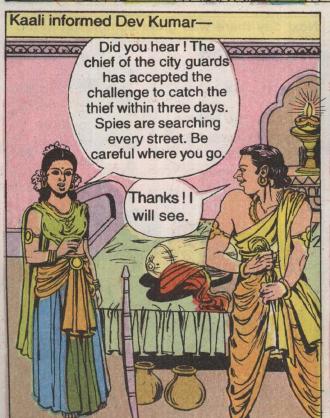


After that he took the queen's jewel box.

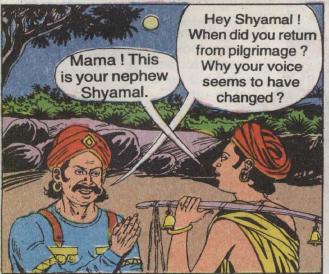


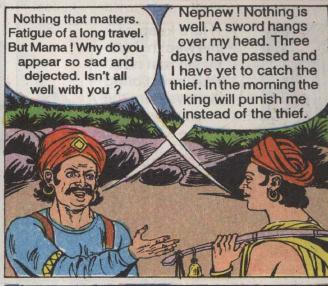






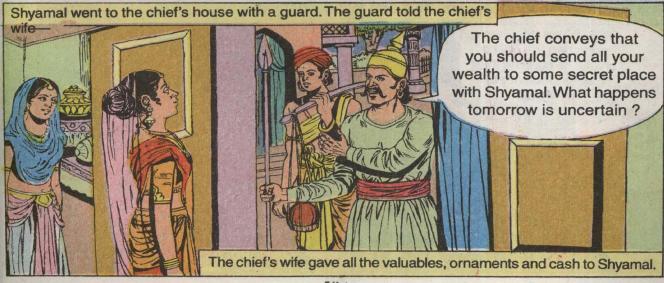






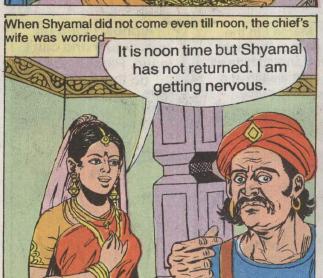






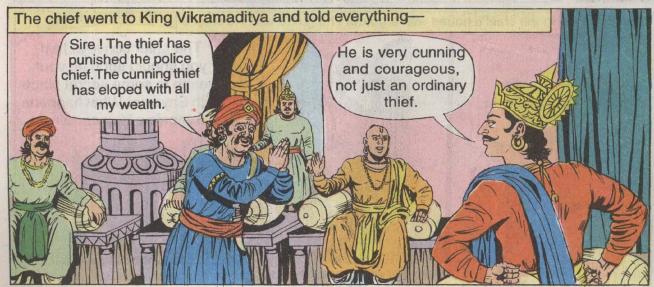


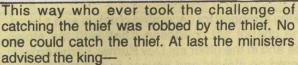




When the chief came out of the house he found the sling-pole and Shyamal's dress lying near the gate.















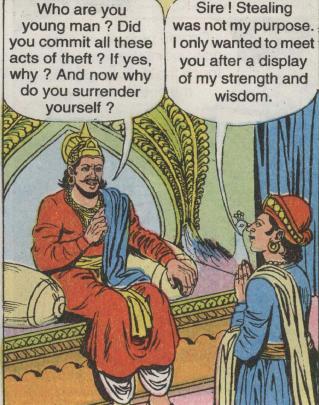
Kaali went and touched the drum. The soldiers

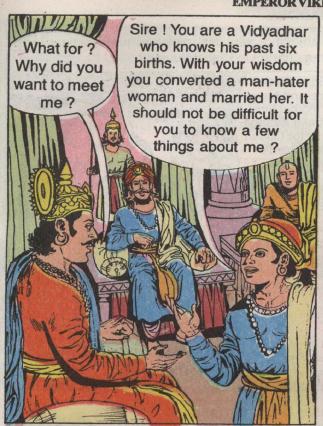
presented him before the king. Minister











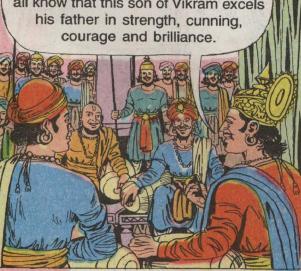
The king looked at him with surprise. The face of Sukomala surfaced in his memory. He asked—

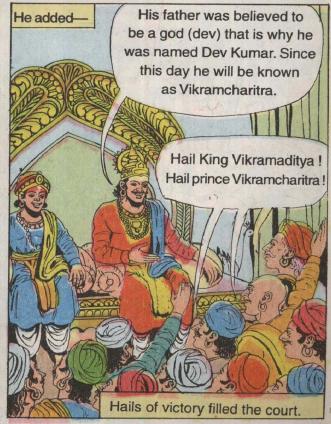


He stepped ahead and touched Vikramaditya's feet

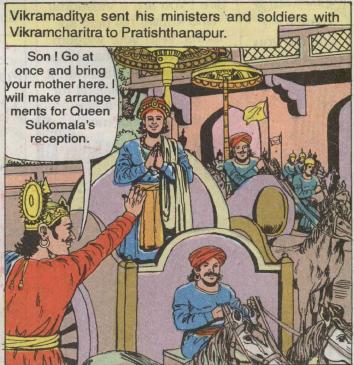
Vikramaditya hugged Dev Kumar and made him sit on the throne. Tears of joy brimmed every eye in the court. Vikramaditya said—

Ministers and other members of the court! This valorous person is my son from queen Sukomala. Now you all know that this son of Vikram excels his father in strength, cunning, courage and brilliance.







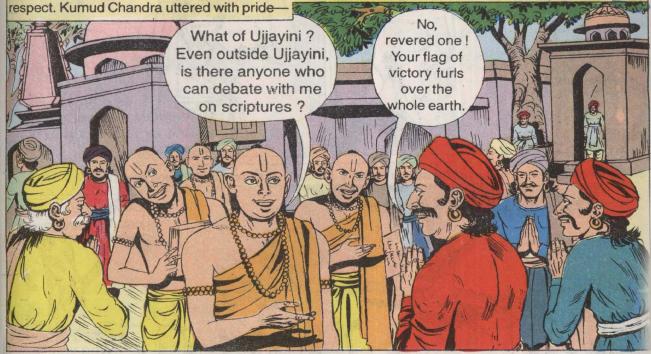


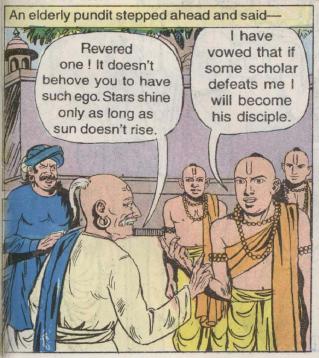


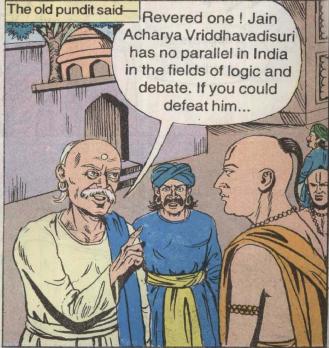
With his courage, cleverness and wisdom King Vikramaditya erased the feeling of aversion for males from the mind of a woman and brought her back into the mainstream of life. With his statesmanship he accomplished the welfare of masses. Prince Vikramcharitra also added to the glory of his parents by inheriting the courage and ideals of his father.

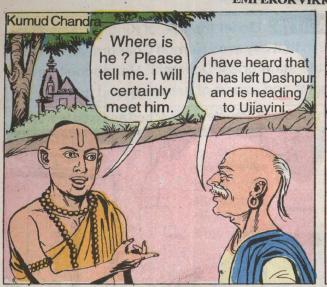
ACHARYA SIDDHASEN AND KING VIKRAMADITYA Under the rule of King Vikramaditya the people of Ujjayini were happy and affluent. In that city lived Kumud Chandra, a Brahmin scholar of Katyayan clan. He was the son of the state priest Devarshi. Mahapundit [great scholar] Kumud Chandra was an alround scholar and expert of astrology and augury.

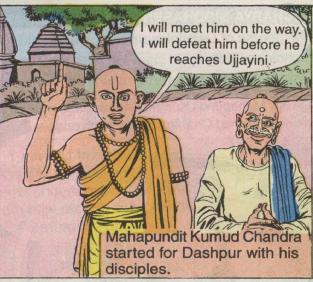
On day Mahapundit Kumud Chandra was walking on the street. People approached and paid him their

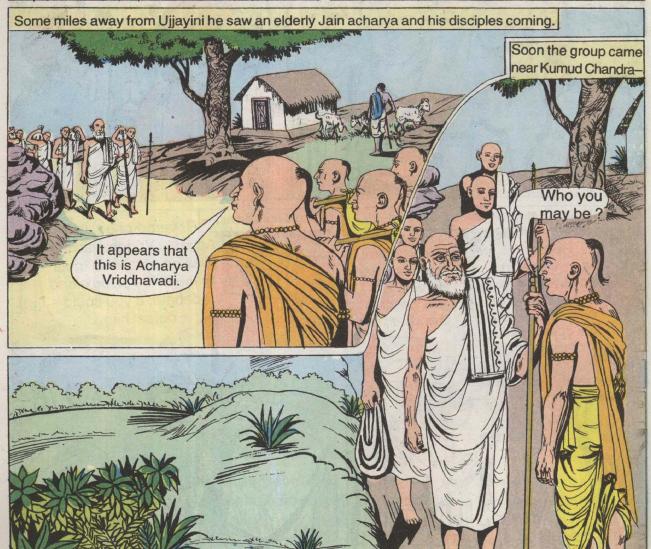


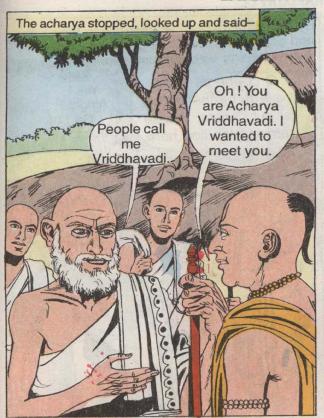


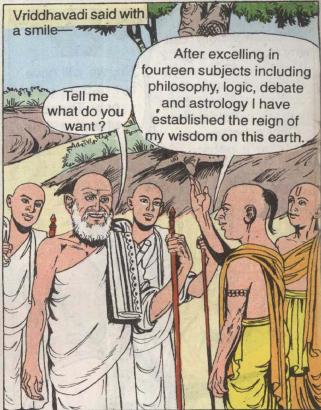


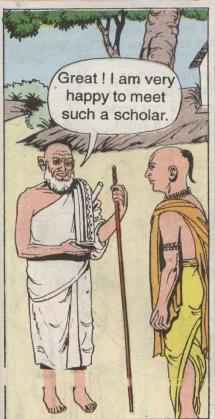




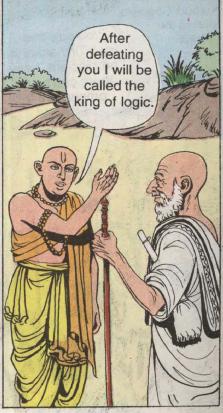


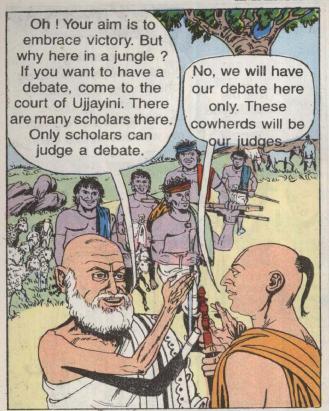




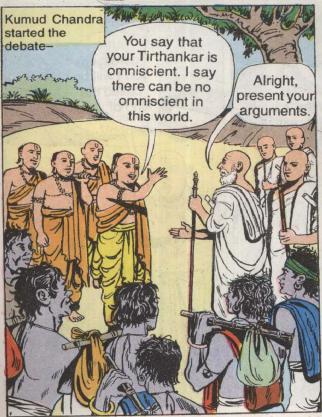


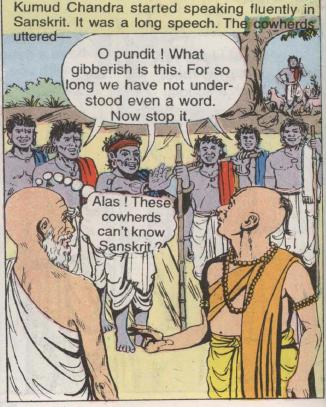


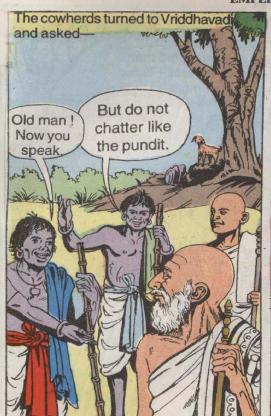


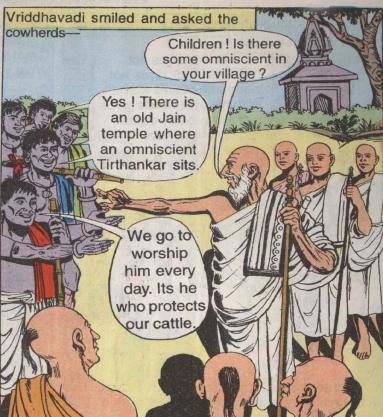


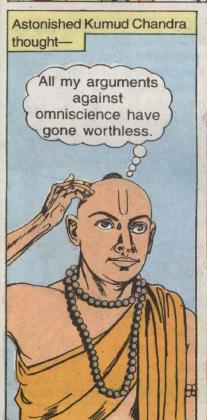


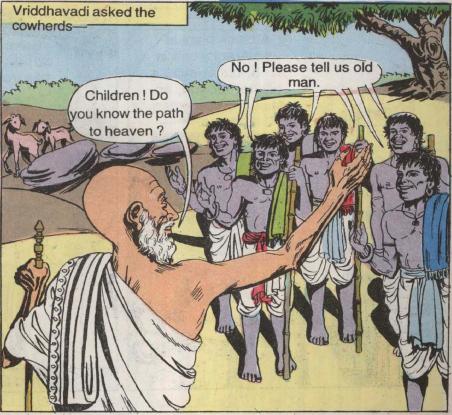


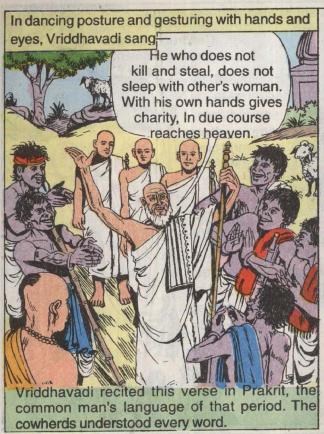




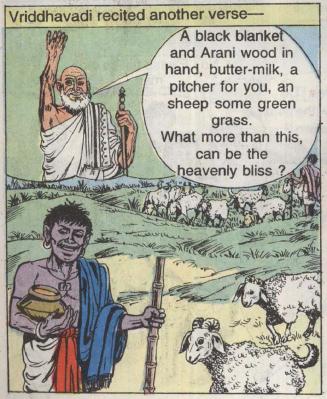


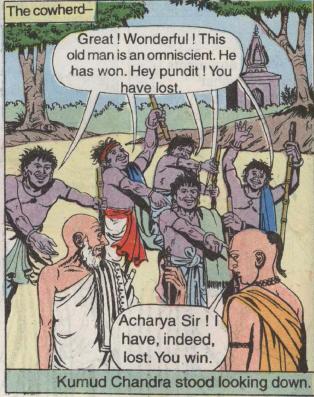


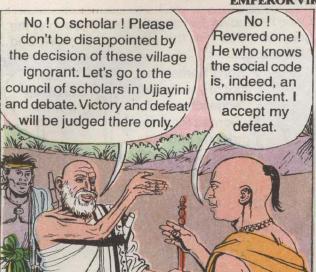


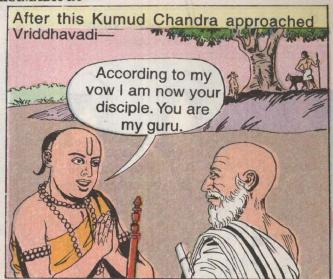


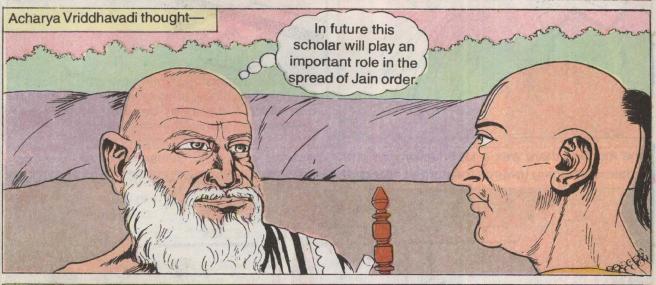


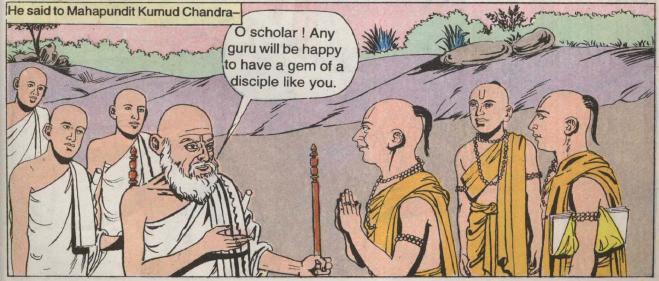


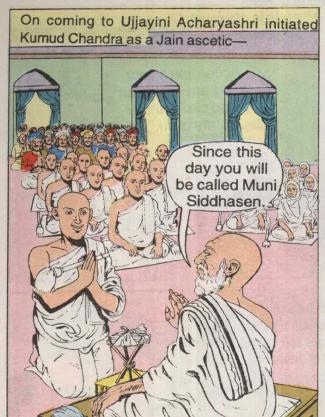




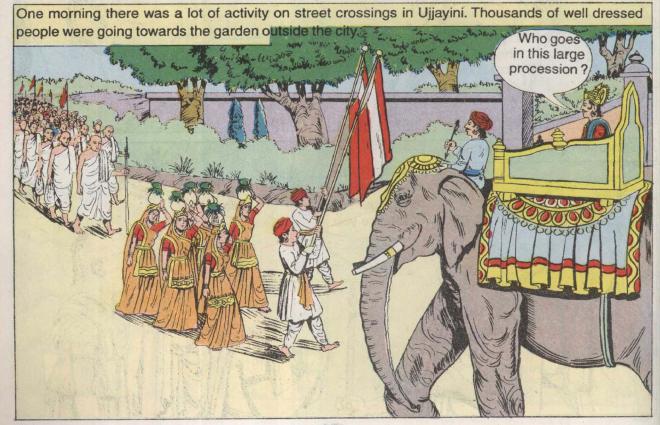
















When he came near, the Acharya raised his hand in blessing and said loudly—

The king at once got down from the elephant, paid homage to the ascetic and asked—

O sage!
Who did you
bless even
without his
paying you
homage?

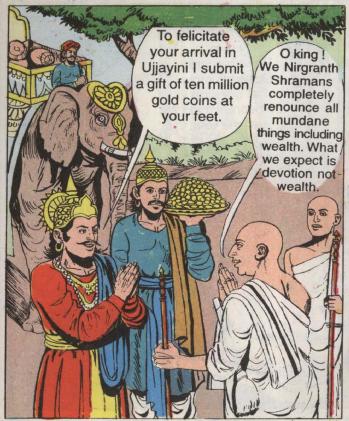
O king In your thoughts you paid homage to me. My blessings were in response to that.



O king! O sage! Other gurus Wealth, good give blessings fortune and happ ness all are fruits for wealth, state of the wish fulfilling and other such tree of religion. If things. Why did the roots are you say-may you avail watered fruits will grow naturally. religiosity?



O king! Dharmalaabh!

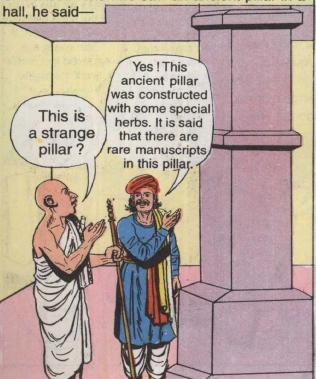




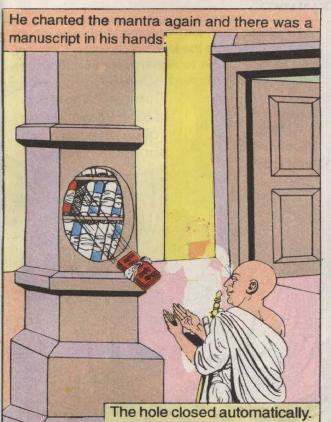
After discussing religion for some time Vikramaditya rode the elephant and left.

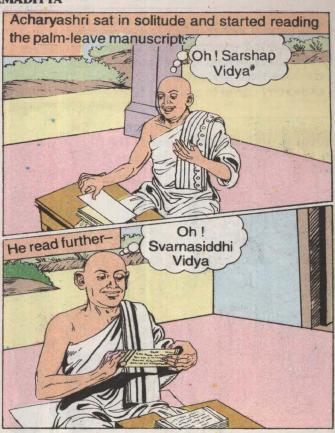
Acharyashri was an expert of mantra and tantra.

From Ujjayini Acharya Siddhasen proceeded to Chitrakoot. When he saw an ancient pillar in a









He thought

Whatever happened is for the good. Such

knowledge could be

misused in future.

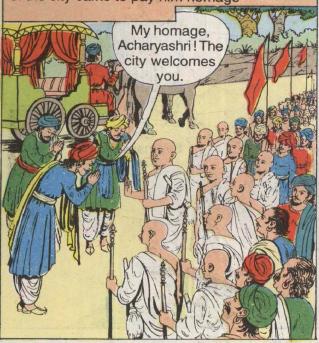
He then meditated for some time and proceeded to turn the leaves of the book. But the book had disappeared. He looked up in surprise and heard the pronouncement of the guardian

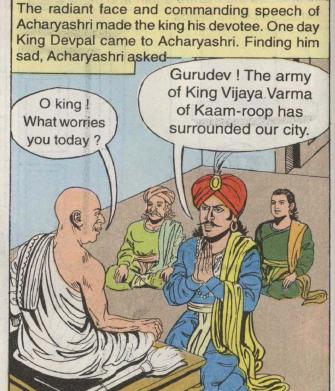


But Acharyashri had gained the knowledge of the two said subjects during the little time he got with the book.

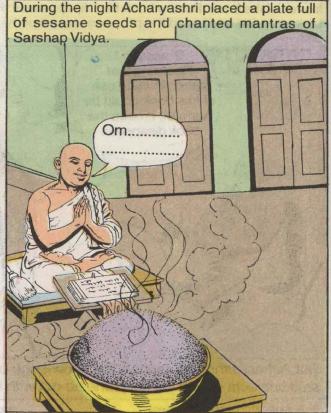


The fame of Acharya Siddhasen reached far and wide due to these miraculous powers. Thousands of people followed him wherever he went. One day he arrived in Kurmar city in Bengal. The ruler of the city came to pay him homage—

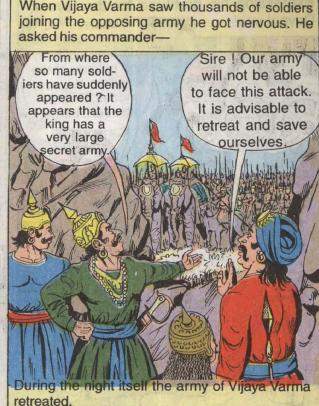














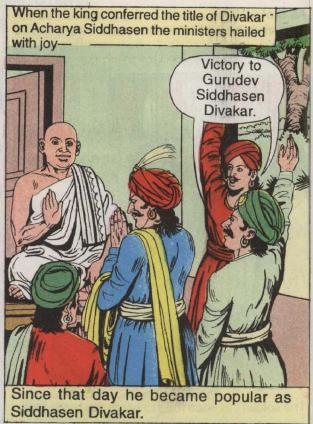


Gurudev!

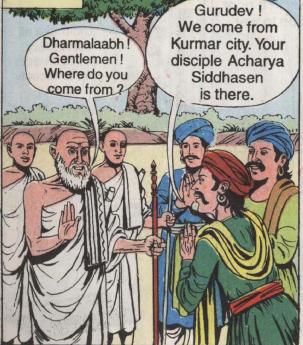
Once again Acharyashri solved the problem of his devotee by giving large quantity of gold made through his Svarna siddhi Vidya:

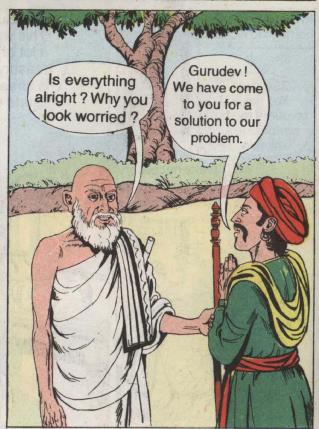


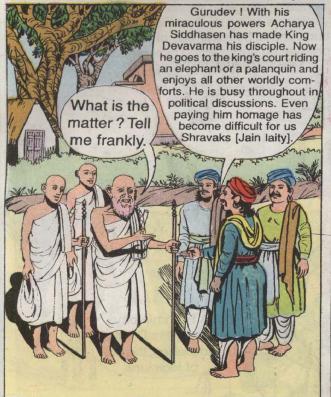


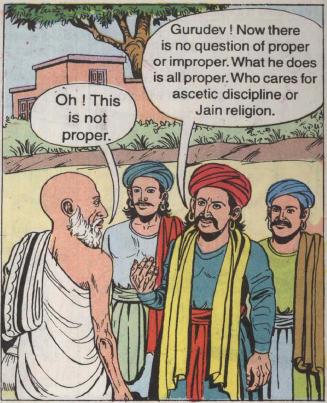


Acharya Vriddhavadi was in Malav those days. One morning when he was returning after the morning visit to temple, some visitors paid homage. Gurudev! We come from Dharmalaabh ! Kurmar city. Your Gentlemen! disciple Acharya Where do you Siddhasen come from ? is there.

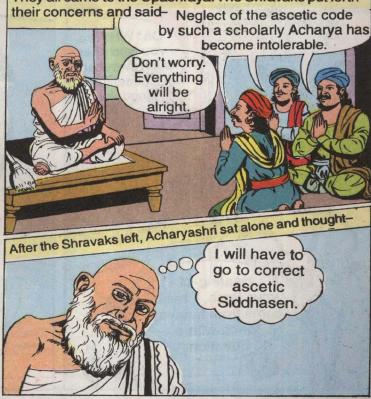






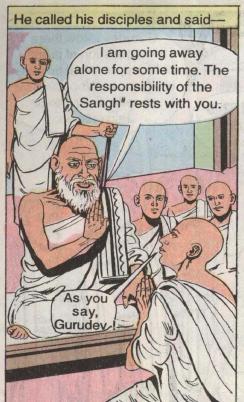




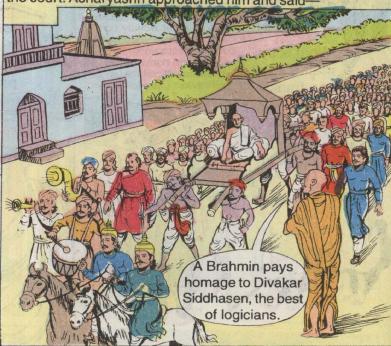


They all came to the Upashraya. The Shravaks put forth

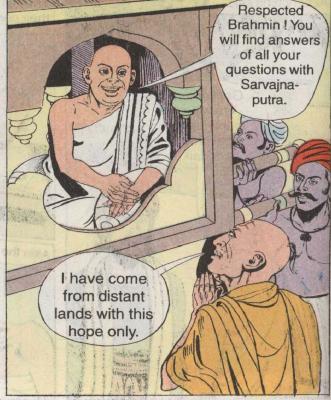
# Staying place for Jain ascetics.



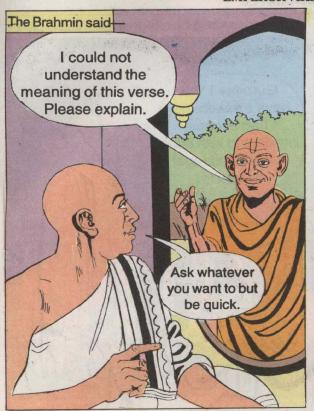
Wandering from one village to another Acharyashri came to Kurmar city disguised as a Brahmin. He saw Acharya Siddhasen surrounded by hundreds of people on his way to the court. Acharyashri approached him and said—

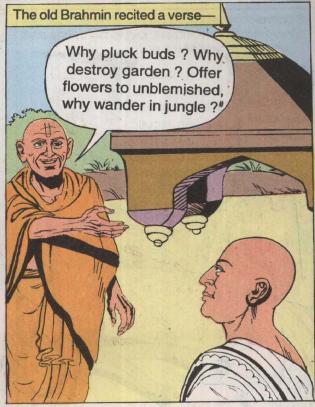


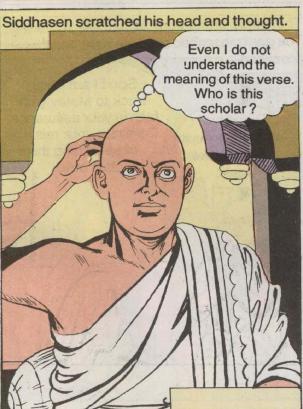




# Religious organization.



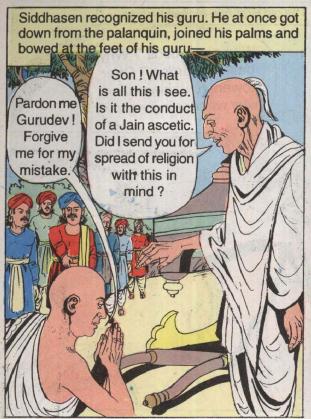


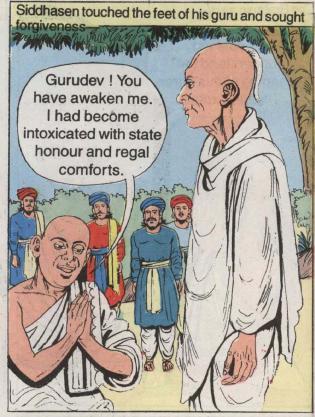




# This human life is a creeper with delicate flowers. Why destroy it by plucking buds of mundane comforts? Over indulgence in the mundane destroys the spiritual garden. Offer the flowers of virtues to the unblemished Jina, why Jain Education der in the jungle of rebirths?

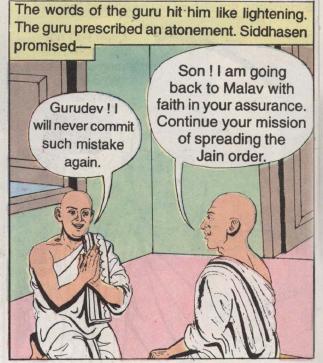
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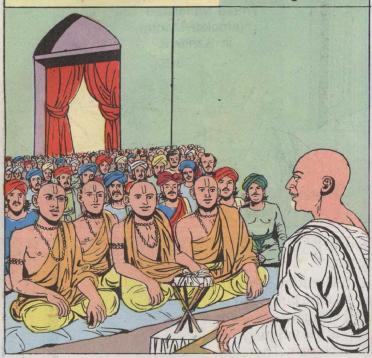


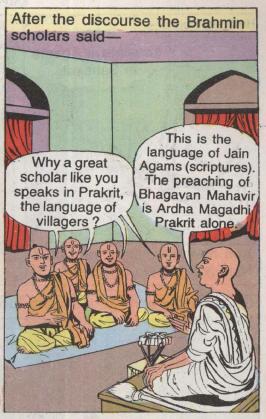
Siddhasen came to the Upashraya with his guru.
When he asked the meaning of the verse the guru said

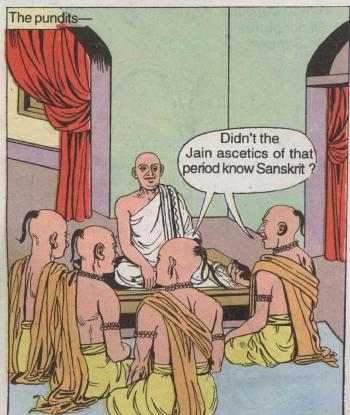
Son! You are eating unripe fruits of the tree of religion.

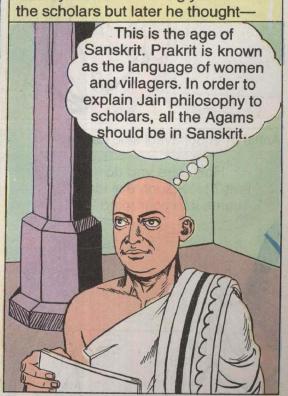


Acharyashri Siddhasen is giving a discourse on scriptures in the large Upashraya in Pratishthanapur. In the large gathering four scholar Brahmins are also sitting.

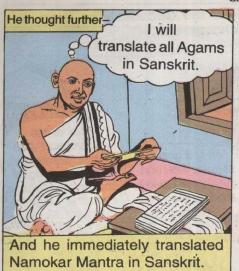


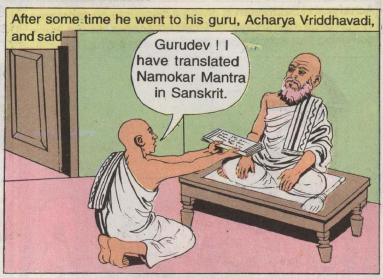


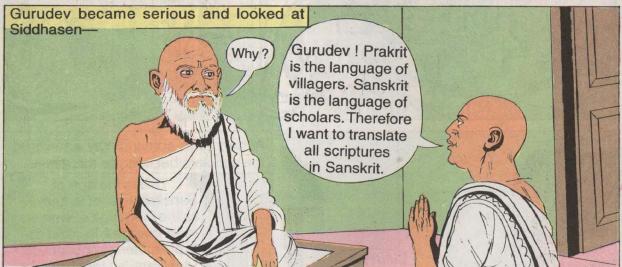


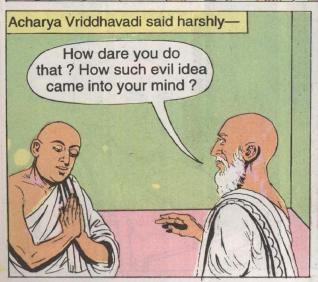


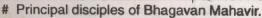
Acharyashri convincingly answered

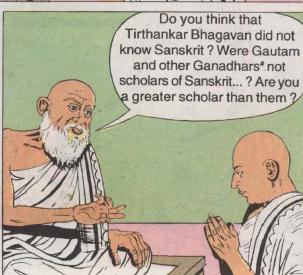


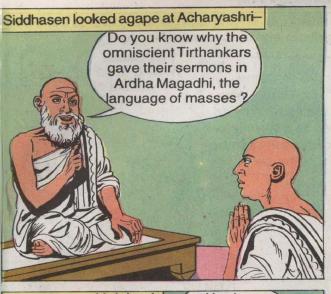


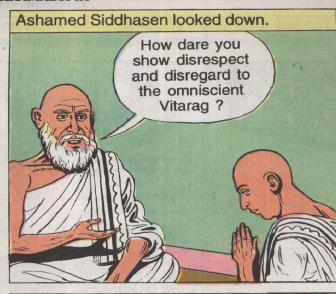


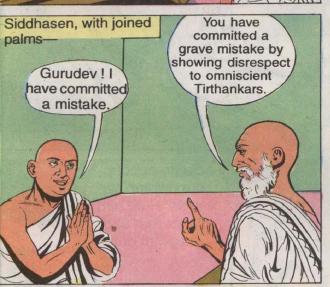


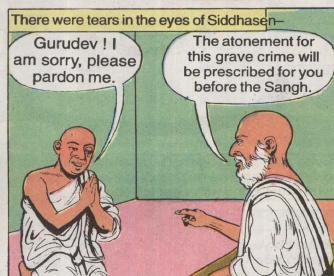


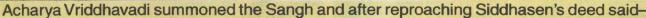


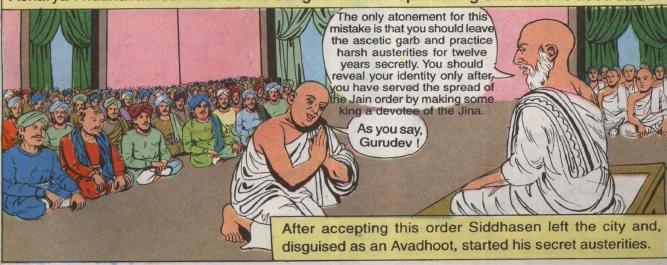


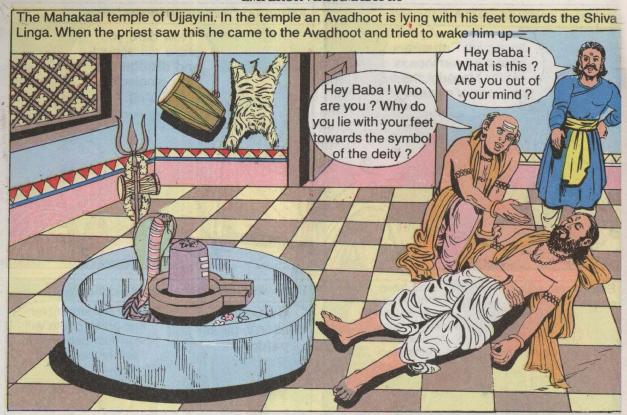


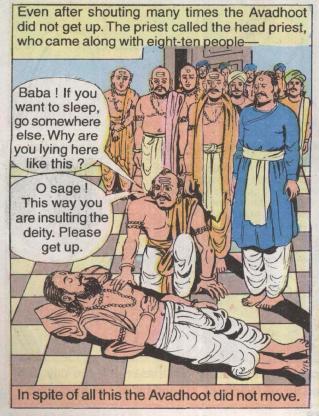


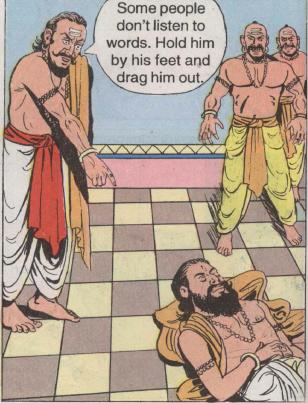




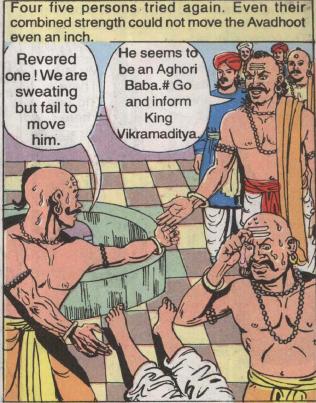












# Two guards came and informed King Vikramaditya-

Sire! Some Aghori
Baba is sleeping with his
eet in the direction of the
mage of Mahakaaleshvar.
In spite of all efforts he
is not getting up

Who is that cunning impostor?
Wake him up by whipping. Arrest him and present before me.



whipping the Avadhoot who turned to show his back.

Don't want to get up? Alright!

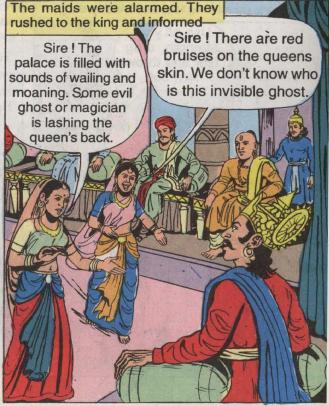
Enjoy whipping now.

The Avadhoot did not even flinch even on continuous whipping.

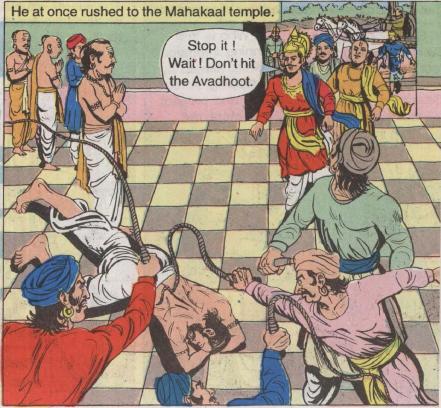
The guards returned to the temple and started

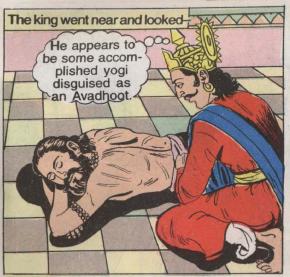
# Shaivite mendicants having evil magical powers.

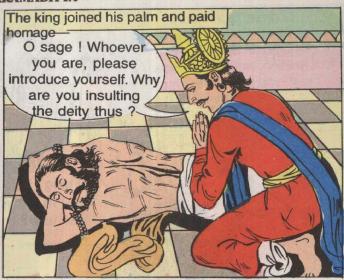


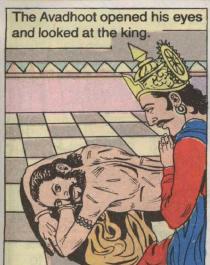


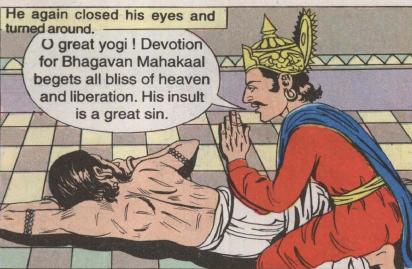


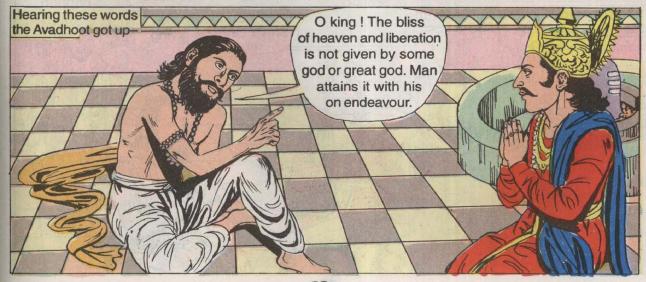


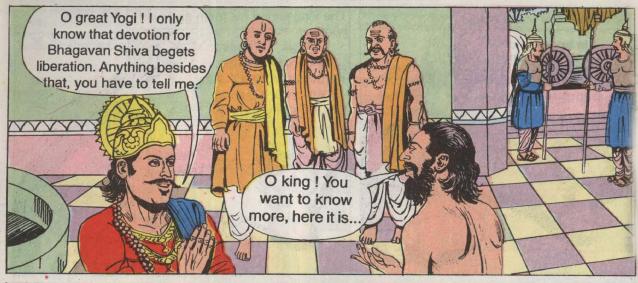




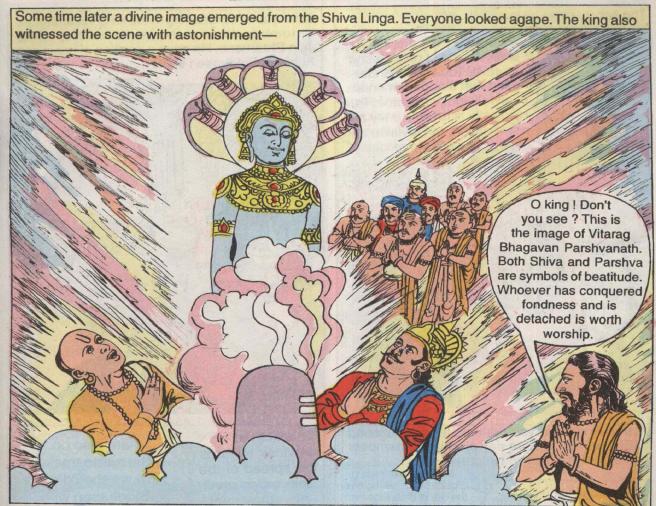


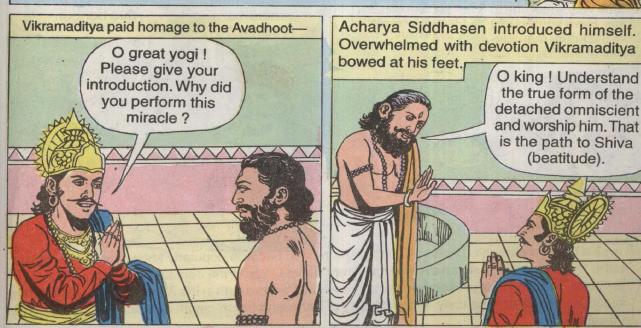


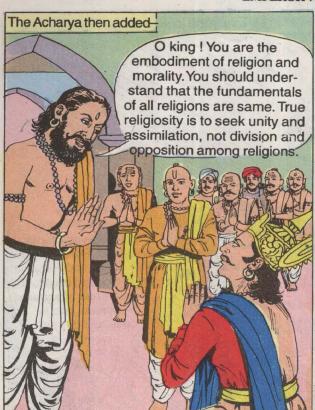




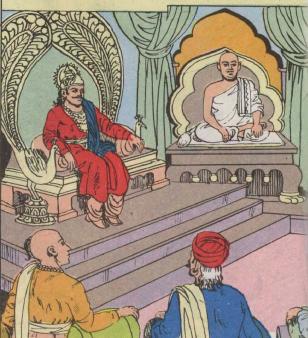








Acharyashri's preaching made King Vikramaditya tilt towards Jainism and he started respecting Jain Shramans. He gave a position of honour to Acharya Siddhasen in his council of scholars.



At that time Acharya Vriddhavadi was stationed at Bhrigukachha. One day prominent members of the Sangh came and informed-

Gurudev! You have become very weak due to old age. Have you thought about the future management of the Sangh?

Acharya Siddhasen is capable of taking over the Sangh management but five years still remain in his allotted atonement period.



Looking at his

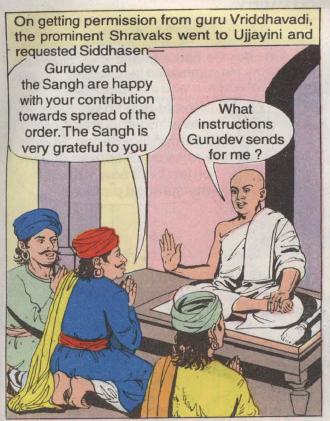
services towards

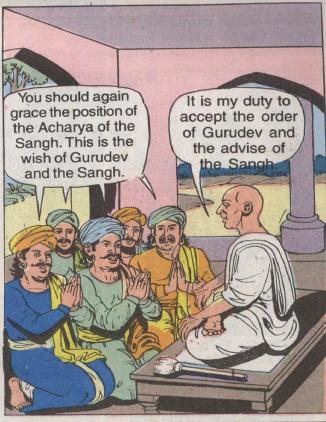
the spread of the

I am also on the same track. Now we should invite Siddhasen with due honour.

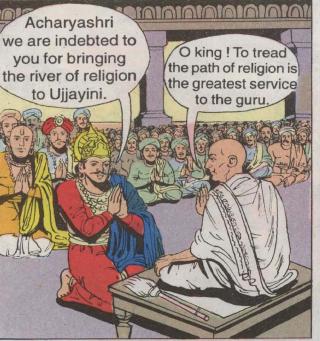


It is said that the panegyric Acharya Siddhasen recited became popularly known as Kalyan Mandir Stotra. The image of Parshvanath emerged from Shiva Linga at the conclusion of eleventh verse of this Stotra. That image is presently installed as Avanti Parshvanath in the Jain temple in Ujjayini. This incident informs about the unity and uniformity of Shiva and Parshvanath and inspires towards unity in diversity.





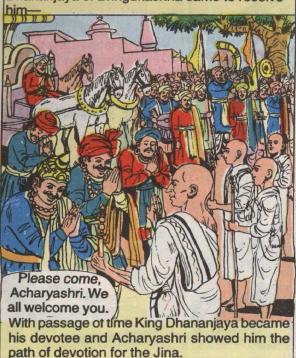
Acharya Siddhasen was re-installed as the Acharya of the Sangh with due ceremony on an auspicious day. King Vikramaditya attended this ceremony and honoured Acharyashri with the shawl of honour.



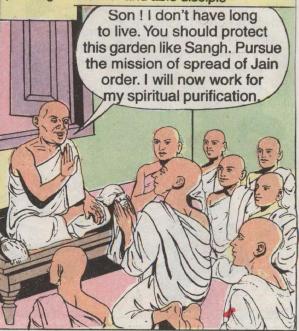
A few days later Siddhasen left for Bhrigukachha to see his guru. On the way he got the sad news.

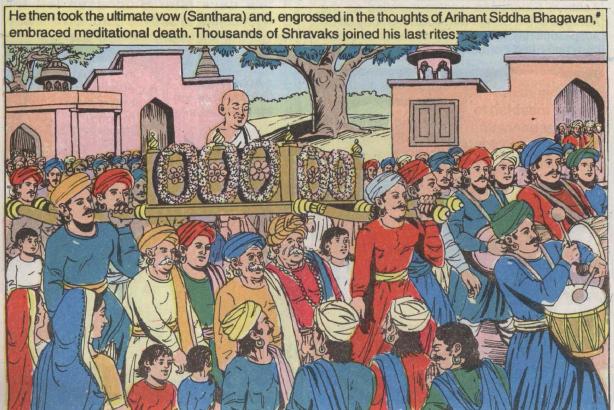


Acharya Siddhasen reached Bhrigukachha. The whole Sangh warmly greeted him. King Dhananjaya of Bhrigukachha came to receive



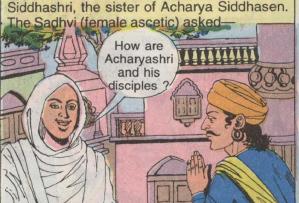
After some time Acharyashri came to Pratishthanapur. By now he was also quite old. One day he had a premonition during his meditation. He summoned his disciples and said pointing at a senior and able disciple—

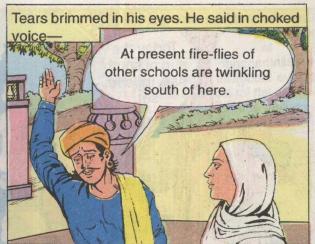




# The all conquering perfected liberated souls. 94

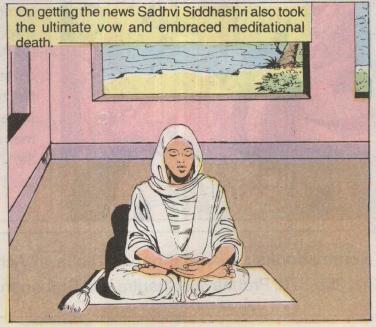
Some days later a bard from Pratishthanapur came to Vishaala city. There he met Sadhvi Siddhashri, the sister of Acharya Siddhasen.



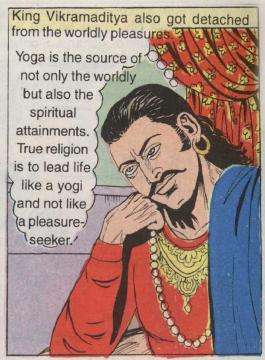














During his life time King Vikramaditya started many charitable institutions, organized many groups pilgrimages and helped the spread of Jain order many other ways. He attained immortality in the history of mankind through his bravery, valour, self-confidence, statesmanship and many other virtues. In the fiftieth year of his life he ended the Shaka rule from India and got the title 'Shakari'. In memory of that victory he also started the Vikram calendar.

THE END

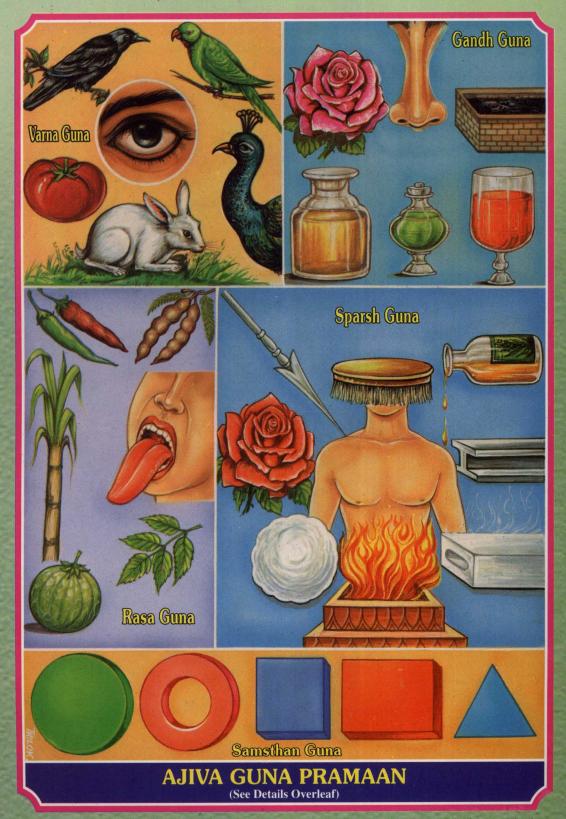
Source books: Jain Dharma Ke Prabhavak Acharya by Sadhvi Sanghamitra, pp. 356-373; Prabhavak Charitra and Prabandh Kosha.

# AJIVA GUNA PRAMAAN

- (1) Varna Guna Pramaan (Standard of Validation by Appearance or Colour-attributes)—Information acquired through eyes—the five colour attributes black, blue, red, yellow and white.
- (2) Gandh Guna Pramaan Standard of Validation by Smellattributes)—Information acquired through nose—good smell and bad smell attributes.
- (3) Rasa Guna Pramaan (Standard of Validation by Tasteattributes)—Information acquired through tongue—the five taste attributes—bitter, pungent, astringent, sour and sweet.
- (4) Sparsh Guna Pramaan (Standard of Validation by Touchattributes)—Information acquired through body—the eight attributes of touch—abrasive or hard, soft, heavy, light, cold, hot, smooth and coarse or dry.
- (5) Samsthan Guna Pramaan (Standard of Validation by Structure-attributes)—Five kinds including Parimandal Samsthan Guna Pramaan (circular-plate structure).

-Aphorisms 429-434, pp. 270-273





Picture taken from Illsutrated Anuyog-dvar Sutra, Editor: Shri Amar Muni